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WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1927.

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Happy Valley.

10,000 SHANSI PRISONERS.

SEVEN COMMANDERS SAID TO BE KILLED.

PEKING MESSAGE TELLS OF SHANSI DEBACLE.

NEW SWATOW INCIDENT.

Long messages from the North to-day, confirm the fact that the Peking forces have won decisive battles against the Shansi troops which are now in retirement. It is said that over 10,000 prisoners have been taken and that at least seven commanders are among those killed. The capture of Tingchow is claimed and the total defeat of Shansi is said to be but a matter of time.

It is still being alleged that Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang failed to give General Yen Hsi-shan the promised help at the critical time and that he lured Gen. Yen into making the attack. General Tang Seng-chi, the Hankow military leader, is said to be remaining neutral.

There has been another incident at Swatow, where an armed detachment from H.M.S. Wild Swan had to board a C.N.C. steamer to clear off a gang of disarmed and disbanded soldiers who overran the ship. The men were trying to get a free passage to Shanghai.

Mrs. C. C. Wu, the wife of the Nanking Foreign Minister, has been arrested at Tientsin while she was trying to leave by a Japanese vessel for Shanghai. There has been a bomb explosion at Changsha, killing seven Communists, and the conversations between the Nanking and Wuhan representatives are continuing at Hankow.

SERIOUS CANTON FACTION FIGHTS.

Peking, Oct. 11. The Ankuochun spokesman, interviewed by foreign correspondents, this morning stated that according to plan, counter-attacks had been delivered on all fronts yesterday, and had proved successful.

The Shansi forces had been thrown back in the region of Tingchow, from which the Fengtien armies were moving south-west with the object of outflanking the Shansi army, while Chu Yu-pu had telephoned from Hsuehchow, stating that the Chihli-Shantung troops had occupied Shihchiachwang, and the Shansi forces were retreating westward.

The present plans were arranged when General Chang Tsung-chang visited the capital a week ago, but were delayed as Chang Tsung-chang was unable to concentrate his forces as the Ninth Ankuochun Army, having been surprised by the Shansi attack, were forced to maintain a defensive until troop concentrations were complete. All the forces were organized, and would attack Shansi province.

On the north front the Fengtien army had also been successful, taking prisoners, machine-guns, and heavy artillery, with much ammunition. It was the intention of this force to ignore Kalgan and strike north-westward from Suahwafu to Tatung.

A Big Success.

The spokesman said that a telegram from General Chang Hsueh-liang at Paotingfu stated that the Fengtien army had taken 10,000 prisoners, while among the killed was known to be one brigade and six regimental commanders. The defeat of Shansi was certainly only a matter of time.

The spokesman continued that he believed that Yen Hsi-shan was yet another victim of Feng Yu-hsiang's traps, the latter failing to give him the promised assistance at a critical time. It was known that the enemy had planned, in the event of Shansi's success, that Yen Hsi-shan would have an important post in the committee to form a government at Peking, while Feng would occupy Taiyuanfu, in Shansi province.

Concerning Tang Seng-chi, he said that a telegram from Tang that morning stated that he had no intention of attacking Peking. He was unable at present to attack Feng Yu-hsiang, but was remaining neutral in the present war.—*Reuter.*

Capture of Tingchow.

Shanghai, Oct. 12. General Chang Hsueh-liang has reported to the Peking Government

CHANNEL SWIM.

BRITISH LADY BEATS RECORD.

HER THIRD ATTEMPT.

Later.
Miss MacLennan's record swim for a lady of 13 hours and 10 minutes surprised even her mother. Her landing caused a commotion on the beach, where there were only fifty people, all of whom rushed to her assistance, but she was "as fresh as a lark."

It was a victory of stamina and determination, favoured by warm water and brilliant moonlight. She ate only a little sugar and malt extract.

Her real name is Dorothy Cochrane Logan, and she is a doctor of medicine. She has rendered brilliant service at several hospitals, and is now a popular medical officer at King's College Hospital.

This was her third attempt. The first was made last year, and she retired almost unconscious a mile from the English shore, after 25 hours in the water. Two months ago she failed when seven miles from England, after a terrific fight with cross-currents.

Now she wins the prize of \$1,000 offered by the *Nexus* of the World, for beating Miss Gertrude Ederle's time.—*Reuter.*

Miss Ederle took 14 hours and 34 minutes.

Nearly Gave Up.

Oct. Oct. 11. Another Englishwoman has swum the English Channel. Doctor Dorothy Cochrane Logan, a medical specialist, accomplished the feat to-day in 13 hours, 12 minutes. This was her third attempt.

Her time is a record for women swimmers, being one hour, 27 minutes less than the time of the American girl, Miss Gertrude Ederle. She is the fourth woman, and fourteenth person, who has swum the Channel.

She entered the water at Grimsby at twenty minutes to eight yesterday evening, and landed at Folkestone at eight minutes to nine this morning.

Doctor Logan uses pseudonym of Miss Mona MacLennan for her swimming, and has always surrounded her Channel attempts with secrecy. Her success was a complete surprise, only those accompanying her in fishing boat and a few of her intimate friends knowing that she was trying again.

At one point, though she saw the cliff of England through a haze, she seemed to be making so little progress that she suggested to those in the boat that she should give up. But her trainer persuaded her to continue, and she succeeded, to her great delight.—*British Wireless.*

FRANCO-AMERICAN TARIFFS.

U. S. SENDS ANOTHER NOTE.

Paris, Oct. 11. The latest American Note with regard to the Franco-American tariff dispute has been handed in at the Quai D'Orsay this morning, and is now being translated.

It is understood that it contains nothing new with regard to the basis of the position as expressed in the previous American note, and merely emphasises certain viewpoints.

It demonstrates the intention of the United States Government to enter into practical conversations, and states its desire to bring the negotiations to a successful conclusion.—*Reuter.*

UNDERGROUNDS FOR MANCHESTER.

A VERY COSTLY SCHEME.

London, Oct. 11. It is proposed to equip Manchester with a system of underground tube railways similar to that of London.

The proposal has been before a special committee of the city council, which has now submitted its report to the finance committee. The tube will cost about £250,000 per mile to build, and the total cost is estimated at £25,000,000. There is only some doubt whether the tube is a payable proposition.—*British Wireless.*

BIAS BAY PIRACIES PROTEST.

OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE PUBLISHED.

CASE OF S.S. "SOLVIKEN."

The following correspondence relating to the piracy of the s.s. Solviken on July 20th has been issued by the Hongkong Government as a Supplement to Sessional Paper No. 7 of 1927:—

I.—Despatch of 21st July 1927, from the Governor of Hongkong, to His Majesty's Counsel-General, Canton.

Sir,—I have the honour to inform you that the s.s. "Solviken," of 1,435 tons, registered at Bergen, and owned by the Norwegian firm of Messrs. Wallem and Company, left Hongkong at 8 a.m. on 19th July for Saigon, with 500 tons of general cargo, 280 tons of bunker coal and 300 Asiatic deck passengers on board. At about 4 a.m. on the next day, 20th July, she was captured by pirates and forced to put back to Bias Bay where she arrived at 2 a.m. on 21st July.

2. I attach for your information a police report on the facts, so far as they can be ascertained at present. It appears that the

SPORTS POSTPONED.

To Be Held on Friday Afternoon.

Owing to the inclement weather to-day, the sports "At Home" arranged by the St. Andrew's Society for Scottish Regiments in the Colony, has had to be postponed.

The function will take place at the same time on Friday afternoon and the special concert arranged for this evening has also been postponed until Friday.

Master, Captain R. Jentost, was seriously wounded, while the 2nd Officer and the Wireless Operator have also been injured by revolver shots.

3. While it is clear that the pirates actually boarded the ship in Hongkong (and as she is not subject to the piracy regulations and was proceeding to a port outside the danger zone this cannot be prevented), it is equally clear that the coup was engineered by the Bias Bay gang, since it was to that place the pirated ship was taken and it was there the plunder was landed.

4. I should be much obliged therefore if you would inform the Canton Government, and enquire of them if they are now prepared to accept the friendly co-operation of my Government in a combined operation which will once and for all root out this gang whose depredations are even more damaging to Chinese than to foreign interests.

5. Should this offer be refused, and should the Canton Government itself still fail to take the necessary punitive and precautionary measures in Bias Bay, I have the honour to request that you will repeat the warning that independent British punitive action will without fail be taken if the Bias Bay gang commit any further outrage on a British ship. I have, &c., (Sd.) G. CLEMENTI, Governor, &c.

II.—Letter of 25th July 1927, from His Majesty's Consul-General, Canton, to the Secretary in Charge of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Canton.

Sir,—I have been requested by the Governor of Hongkong to call your attention to the piracy of the Norwegian steamer "Solviken," which occurred on the 20th July, and I enclose a copy of a police report on the facts, so far as they can be ascertained at present. It appears that the Master, Captain R. Jentost, was seriously wounded, while the 2nd Officer and the Wireless Operator have also been injured by revolver shots.

While it would seem that the pirates actually boarded the ship in Hongkong, it is clear that the coup was arranged by the Bias Bay gang, since it was to that place the pirated ship was taken and it was there the plunder was landed. (Continued on Page 11.)

ATLANTIC FLIGHT.

AMERICAN GIRL HOPS OFF.

BIG YELLOW MONOPLANE.

Roosevelt Field, Oct. 11. Miss Ruth Elder, with Captain George Haldeman as a co-pilot and navigator, has started on a non-stop flight to Paris in the aeroplane "American Girl."—*Reuter's American Service.*

Wireless Set.

Later.
Miss Elder's aeroplane is a bright yellow monoplane, and is equipped with a small wireless set with a range of 25 miles. There are a score of ocean liners in the path to be followed.

The aviators carry sandwiches, coffee, beef tea and fruit. Miss Elder is dressed in golfing attire and both fliers are also wearing fur-lined one-piece flying suits as worn by army airmen for protection against the cold.

A Married Lady.

Miss Elder is 23 years of age and is from Old Lakeland, Florida. She is a licensed pilot and her married name is Mrs. Lyle Womack.

The plane carries 520 gallons of petrol, estimated to be sufficient for 4,400 miles. Both fliers are equipped with rubber life suits.—*Reuter's American Service.*

CANADIAN LAND SETTLEMENT.

PRESENT POLICY CRITICISED.

Winnipeg, Oct. 11. The Conservative Convention has passed a resolution declaring that the immigration policy of the present Government is a failure, and urging a vigorous system of immigration based on the selective principle, efforts to repatriate Canadians, to secure a larger proportion of British settlers, and take full advantage of the assistance of the British Government to promote Empire settlement.

The resolution also favoured the exclusion of Orientals.—*Reuter's American Service.*

THE MILITARY AT ADEN.

WAR OFFICE TAKES CONTROL.

London, Oct. 11. It is announced in an Army Order that the War Office has assumed direct responsibility for the administration of the military forces forming the garrison of Aden.

Military control of Aden was transferred from the Indian Government to the Imperial Government, with effect from the first of April last.—*British Wireless.*

THE BATHING BEACHES.

DATES OF CLOSING.

The P.W.D. announces the following dates of closing the public bathing beaches in the Colony. North Point and Tai Wan Bay, at 7 p.m. on Sunday, October 16. Kennedy Town, at 7 p.m. on Monday, October 24.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TROUBLE.

WORKSHOPS TO RE-OPEN.

Calcutta, Oct. 11. The Bengal-Nagpur railway workshops at Khargpur, which had closed owing to a lockout following a labour dispute, a month ago, are re-opening to-morrow.—*Reuter.*

LEVINE GOES HOME.

AND ON BOARD A SHIP.

Cherbourg, Oct. 11. Levine has left for American on board the s.s. Leviathan.—*Reuter.*

CANTON COMMANDERS DISAGREE.

RUMOURED FLIGHT OF LI CHAI-SUM.

HONAM DEFENCE MEASURE.

There is every indication that the friction between Generals Li Chai-sum and Chang Fat-kwai, in Canton, is coming to a head, if indeed, it has not already done so. There were reports yesterday of a clash between the troops of the two Generals, in the eastern suburb of Canton, and it was also rumoured that Li Chai-sum had fled. This, however, is not confirmed.

It is known, though, that troops of General Li Fuk-lam, the commander of Honam Island, have been disarmed after resistance. They had just returned from the East River district, and were attacked in the city. There was a long exchange of shots before they surrendered to Chang Fat-kwai's forces.

General Li Fuk-lam is said to be determined to resist Chang Fat-kwai and his Ironsides on Honam Island, and the island is being closely guarded. A search is being made for any signs of lurking enemy agents. The Honam commander can always depend on the support of the large body of armed village volunteers on the island.

Apparently the forces of the new commander at Canton, Chang Fat-kwai, are alive to the possibility of their leader assuming full control, for it is said the Ironsides desire a military council to take over the administration of the city.

Meanwhile, it is perhaps significant that a return of anti-foreign feeling is apparent, and the labourers are again shouting their anti-imperialist slogans in the streets.

Another Version.

A local vernacular newspaper statement declares that Li Chai-sum, some time ago proposed a celebration among the people of Kwangtung in commemoration of the Nanking Special Committee. But Chang Fat-kwai is reported to have denounced this Special Committee bitterly, and slogans issued by Chang were seen all over the streets declaring, "Down with the Special Committee." In so doing, Chang Fat-kwai was attacking Li Chai-sum indirectly.

But Li has always been known as a silent and patient man. The story is told that when Chang Fat-kwai was in Hankow some months ago, he denounced Li Chai-sum, who was then controlling Canton. Li took no notice of this, and continued to pay to the family of Chang, who were then staying in Canton, the monthly allowance of \$500.

The Nanking Nationalists may send some troops down to the south to help Li Chai-sum, states the vernacular press.

Li Fuk-lam's Position.

Information from Canton also states that the Ironsides, troops of Chang Fat-kwai, intend to oust Li Fuk-lam from Honam. During the past 16 years, since the collapse of the Manchurian Dynasty, Li Fuk-lam has been the head of the Honam district, just opposite Canton. A fact that is well-known among the Chinese is that Li Fuk-lam was, before the Chinese revolution in 1911, a bandit chief. But after some years spent as an outlaw, he made good and turned over a new leaf by joining the army under the Manchou Government. When the revolution broke out in 1911, Li Fuk-lam announced himself a captain of the revolutionary army (the *man kwan*). The Manchou throne collapsed, and Li Fuk-lam was placed as head of the Honam Government, and in that position has remained until now. We often hear of Canton coups, but not of a change of the Honam Government.

He allowed opium and opium in Honam, and though he may not be regarded as a very good general he has succeeded in giving peace to the island.

At present Li Fuk-lam is said to have 20,000 troops under him, but his soldiers are said to be good enough only to protect Honam, and would not be strong enough to resist the Ironsides.

SHANGHAI TOPICS.

MEETING FORCE WITH FORCE.

A SYNAGOGUE INCIDENT.

(Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, Oct. 8.

The local Soviet Consulate, whose crimson flag flutters in the breeze within a stone's throw of the British, American, Japanese and German Consulates, is just now agitating very largely in the public mind in consequence of the agitation started by an exiguous but noisy minority for the purpose of "meeting force with force," as they put it. It will be recalled that some time ago a cordon of Municipal Police and Volunteers was thrown around the Soviet Consulate, and everyone thought that the place was about to be raided, but aside from the searching of persons entering or leaving the building, nothing was done and eventually the cordon was withdrawn. The official explanation by the Council of its action was that the Soviet Consular officials had been complaining to the Senior Consul that they were receiving too much attention from the "White" section of Shanghai's Russian colony and the Council's act of surrounding the Consulate was motivated on a desire to accord protection to the building and its inmates, protection which the latter lost no time in saying they did not need.

The bolder spirits among Shanghai's anti-Reds now wish to go one better and are urging the Shanghai Fascists to raid the Soviet headquarters and give short shrift to its tenants with the aid of White Russians. These adventurous souls are restive at the dilatory ways of diplomacy and are panting to take the law into their own hands first and talk afterwards. They frankly proclaim the illegality of such a procedure but aver that necessity knows no law, and a feminine member of the foreign community, scornful to mince words, advocates an armed foray on the Soviet Consulate as to make the name Fascist as feared and respected by the Chinese. The foreign community evidently is in for exciting times—if the tempestuous ones gain the ascendancy.

An incident has just occurred which goes to show to what lengths some evangelists are prepared to proceed in their zeal to secure converts to the faith. On October 6, the Jewish Day of Atonement, when a solemn all-day fast and religious services are held in every part of the world where Jewry is congregated, two missionary gentlemen, whose nationality cannot be ascertained, and a Chinese woman gained access to the Beth Aaron Synagogue, donated to the Jewish Community by Mr. S. A. Hardoon and recently completed. They expressed a desire to follow the service being held at the time, and as it is the practice among the Jews to admit anyone, Jew or Gentile, without question, they were treated with studied courtesy and every facility to follow the ritual of the day through lingual mediums with which they were familiar.

The trio, however, were not long in the Synagogue before it became evident that they were clandestinely distributing anti-Semitic tracts among the children. The literature was in English and Yiddish, the latter being especially obnoxious. The offending trio were at once shown the door, and in view of the solemnity of the occasion, it was a fortuitous circumstance that hands were not laid on them, more especially in view of the fact that the latter vociferously proclaimed their right to distribute tracts anywhere they pleased.

The local Jewish Community, of course, feel outraged at the poor taste shown by the three persons in so grossly abusing the hospitality accorded them. Jews are not alone in being victims of such misdirected zeal. Not infrequently one sees members of the Shanghai Defence Force, when trying to get much needed relaxation in public parks, approached by evangelists with tracts on soul salvation. A sense of proportion

(Continued on Page 11.)

REPULSE BAY HOTEL

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HAWKERS AND POLICE.

FURTHER EVIDENCE IN BRIBERY CASE.

The hearing of the case against the seven Chinese detectives who are charged in connexion with an alleged scheme to extort money from hawkers in different parts of the Colony was continued before Mr. R. E. Lindsell yesterday afternoon.

The seven constables were Li Lum, Po Sing, Wu Ching-nam, Tse Nam, Tsang Kam, Kong Hung and Li Fook-tin. Mr. A. E. Hall represented the first, second and sixth defendants. Mr. L. D. Turner defended the third and fourth men and Mr. E. Davidson represented the fifth. The seventh defendant was unrepresented.

A witness who had given evidence at a previous hearing produced lists of names which he said were records kept of hawkers who had paid him eighty cents a week. He said that the entries were made by himself.

Under cross-examination by Mr. Hall, witness said that he caused the names to be written by one of his foks. Before making this statement he was asked to write certain names which Mr. Hall read from witness' list, and witness informed the Magistrate that he was too "shaky" to write. He protested that he was unequal to the task even after he was told to sit down and steady himself.

After several protests Mr. Lindsell informed the witness that the characters must be written, and eventually witness reproduced two names.

Different Writing:

Mr. Hall informed his Worship after examining the witness' writing that it was different from what appeared on the list. He said that he was of the opinion that the man could not even read, let alone write.

Mr. Lindsell pointed out that the man produced the characters Mr. Hall required.

Mr. Hall to defendant: Can you find the name of Li Tsoi on the list?

Witness: No, but I can find Lau Tsoi.

Mr. Lindsell: Apparently he can read better than you, Mr. Hall.

Evidence of the raid on No. 3 Upper Station Street, where the detectives were arrested, was next given by Sub-Inspector Carey.

Witness said that he raided the place on September 19 together with Mr. L. H. V. Booth, A.S.P. He saw several men in the rear cubicle of the first floor. They were all squatting on a tressle bed. Witness was the fourth of the raiding party to enter the room and as he entered he saw a man go through the window.

He seized one of the men in the room and after a short struggle overpowered him. During the struggle, witness said he saw his antagonist draw a piece of paper from his pocket and throw it on the floor.

In answer to the Magistrate, witness said that as far as he could see others might have escaped through the window.

Loaded Revolvers.

All the arrested men, five in number, were carrying loaded police revolvers on their persons when surprised. The five men were then searched and the following sums were found on each of them. First defendant \$9.01, second defendant \$49.10, third defendant \$47.70, fourth defendant \$43.50 and fifth defendant \$80.55.

A purse containing \$57.50 found in another part of the cubicle was claimed by the first defendant.

On the wall of the cubicle was found a silk pongee long coat which contained \$46.50, which was claimed by the third defendant. One grey coat was unclaimed, and in this coat was found a list of names similar to the lists found on the persons of one or more of the arrested detectives.

In answer to Mr. Booth, witness said that there was no sign of gambling in the room, although

WORLD SHIPPING.

REVIVAL INDICATED BY LLOYD'S RETURNS.

London, Oct. 11. A revival of shipbuilding is indicated in Lloyd's returns for the quarter ended Sept. 30, which show that 1,539,000 tons are in course of construction in Great Britain and Ireland, an increase of 146,000 tons compared with June 30, and an increase of 761,000 compared with twelve months ago.

The tonnage on which work was suspended was only 8,000 tons, compared with 107,000 tons at the end of September last year. The present totals are the highest since September 1922, but still 354,000 below the average of tonnage building in the twelve months before the war.

Tonnage commenced during the quarter amounted to 370,000, compared with 437,000 in the preceding three months; but tonnage launched was 355,000 tons, an increase of 85,000 tons compared with the preceding quarter.

The total merchant tonnage building in other countries is 1,637,000, an increase of 87,000 tons compared with June 30.

The total world tonnage constructing has increased by 234,000 tons compared with the previous quarter, but is 372,000 below the highest previous record of June 30, 1913. The tonnage of motor-ships constructing in the world is 1,589,000, and steamships 1,468,000.—*Reuter.*

NATIONAL Y.M.C.A. DAY.

APPEAL MADE FOR £50,000 THIS YEAR.

London, Oct. 11. The National Y. M. C. A. Day will be held to-morrow to raise funds for the Association's work, particularly for the Shanghai and Rhine armies. An appeal is made for £50,000 by the end of the year.—*Reuter.*

a packet of cards was found. On examination it was found to be a new packet, as the Joker was on top and the various suits were in proper order.

Injured Men.

Speaking of the arrest of the sixth defendant witness said that on September 21, two days after the raid, the sixth defendant was questioned and was also examined bodily. It was found that the upper part of his right arm near the shoulder, was abraded and bruised. On one forearm there was a scratch six inches long. The man's chest was also bruised and scratched.

Mr. Hall: What is this evidence going to prove?

Mr. Lindsell: Perhaps we had better ask Mr. Booth.

Mr. Booth: It is possible that there were seven men in the room.

Mr. Lindsell: Are you asking me to infer from the evidence of the injuries that the sixth defendant managed to escape from the cubicle at the time of the raid.

Mr. Booth: Yes, your Worship.

Mr. Lindsell: I can't take this evidence then, I am afraid.

Mr. Booth: I thought it was worth while producing in this evidence. It seems a curious coincidence.

Lance Sergeant Morton spoke of the arrest of the seventh defendant who was the man who jumped out of the window during the raid and was so seriously injured that he had to be removed to the Government Civil Hospital.

The witness said that when he picked defendant up from a side street which branched off Station Street, defendant was bleeding through the mouth. He was searched in Hospital but nothing was found on him. The man, when found, was dressed only in shorts and a singlet.

At this stage the court adjourned.

The hearing will be continued to-morrow and Friday afternoon.

WEDDING BELLS.

MANILA COUPLE MARRIED IN HONGKONG.

An interesting wedding was solemnised at St. John's Cathedral on Monday afternoon, the contracting parties being Mr. Thomas M. Jordan, of the Standard Oil Company, of Manila, and Miss Gertrude Elser, the daughter of Mr. E. E. Elser of Manila. The Rev. H. Copley Moyle officiated.

Mr. Jordan is well-known in Manila and has been transferred to Saigon where he will take up a new appointment in the Standard Oil Company.

A large number of employees of the local branch of the Standard Oil Co. attended the ceremony at the Cathedral and the reception which was later held at "Aha Dena" the residence of the manager of the Company.

The bride was given away by her father. She wore a gown of white beaded satin and georgette and carried a bouquet of white roses and cadens. Mrs. H. H. Harrison (sister) attended as matron of honour. Mrs. Harrison's dress was of pink georgette and pink and silver hat, and she carried a bouquet of pink roses.

Mr. J. T. Benson was best man.

Mr. R. A. Brown was at the organ while Mrs. Richard Sanger gave a vocal solo "Calm as the Night," followed by a violin obligato by Mr. John Braga.

After the reception Mr. and Mrs. Jordan left for Repulse Bay, where the honeymoon is being spent; the bride's going away dress was of blue crepe de chine trimmed with silver, and a silver hat.

REFINERY CRISIS.

SEVERAL FIRMS FORCED TO CLOSE DOWN.

London, Oct. 11.

The British sugar refineries are reported to be faced with a serious crisis. Four out of five firms of refiners at Greenock have suspended operations, as a result of which thousands of workers will be unemployed during the winter. Messrs. Tate and Lyle fear they may have to close their factories at Liverpool and London.

Interviewed, Sir Leonard Lyle attributed the crisis to the beet sugar subsidy, preference to Dominion sugar and the dumping of sugar from mid-Europe. He declared that it was unfair competition to give white sugar from the Dominions preference. The Government should give preference to the raw material and not the finished article.—*Reuter.*

FRIENDLY VISIT.

LORD WILLINGDON GOES TO UNITED STATES.

Ottawa, Oct. 11.

Governor-General and Lady Willingdon will, officially visit the United States. They will reach Washington on Dec. 6 and stay at the Canadian Legation. The visit is unique. It is the first time His Majesty's representative in Canada will visit a Dominion Minister in Washington.—*Reuter's American Service.*

A ROYAL BIRTH.

DAUGHTER TO PRINCESS ASTRID.

Brussels, Oct. 11.

Princess Astrid has given birth to a daughter who has been named Josephine Charlotte.—*Reuter.*

REPUBLICAN FLAG.

HOISTED BUT HAULED DOWN IN KOBE.

Osaka, Oct. 11.

Chinese residents in Kobe hoisted the Kuomintang flag yesterday on the occasion of the anniversary of the Chinese Republic, but Kuomintang members, seeing the Chinese Consulate and the Chinese School and a few others flying the five-colour flag of the Republic, insisted that these flags should be hauled down.

Shortly afterwards the Kuomintang flag was seen flying everywhere.—*Reuter.*

MEXICAN REVOLT.

SIX HOUR BATTLE.

Mexico City, Oct. 11.

Federal Headquarters announce that the rebels were decisively routed in a six hour battle on Sunday afternoon near Ayahualulco, and state that the Vera Cruz leaders Gomez and Almada escaped but are being pursued by the Federals.

The Federal casualties in the six hour battle are declared to be 52 wounded. President Calles has promised an amnesty to rebel officers and men who surrender.—*Reuter's American Service.*

FRENCH DEBT.

AMERICA AGREES TO FUNDING SCHEME.

Washington, Oct. 11.

The French Ambassador is officially informed that the United States has no objection to funding the \$8100,000,000 eight per cent. 1920 loan.

Negotiations have been completed with an American bank to loan \$820,000,000 to the German Commerce and Private Bank at 6½ per cent., the lowest rate for a German issue since the war.—*Reuter's American Service.*

THE PENAL CODE.

FRANCE AND INDO-CHINA AGITATION.

Paris, Oct. 11.

At the instance of M. Leon Perrier, the Minister for the Colonies, the President has signed a decree strengthening the provisions of the Penal Code as applied to Indo-China for the punishment of persons found guilty of political agitation.—*Reuter.*

MR. AMERY'S TOUR.

ARRIVAL IN WEST AUSTRALIA.

Perth, W.A., Oct. 11.

Mr. Amery has arrived from South Africa to discuss the questions of migration and the marketing of Australian produce in Great Britain.—*Reuter.*



IT'S QUALITY
THAT COUNTS

NOTICE TO MOTOR CAR OWNERS

We take pleasure in
announcing the ar-
rival of the—

AUTO-TOTAL

1927 model of the
TOTAL

FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

The latest and most
efficient type of fire ex-
tinguisher for motor cars.
Requires no attention
whatever.

Contents and apparatus
are immune against climatic
changes, cold, heat or
damp.

Contents will not deterio-
rate nor will apparatus
become inoperative
through corrosion or other
chemical reactions.

Contents and apparatus
will last a lifetime without
renewing.

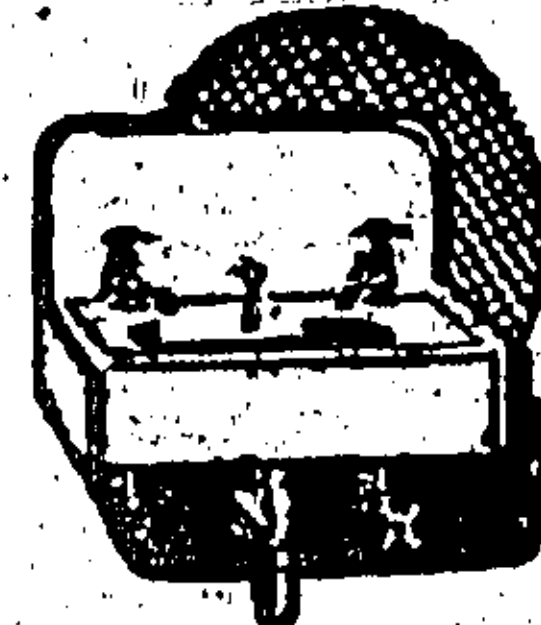
No periodic refilling.

NO UPKEEP COST

Agents—

KELLER KERN & Co., Ltd.
16, 19 Connaught Road C.

A LARGE SELECTION of Basins and other bathroom fittings, always in Stock.



Estimates on request for
Sanitary Engineering or
Building Materials.

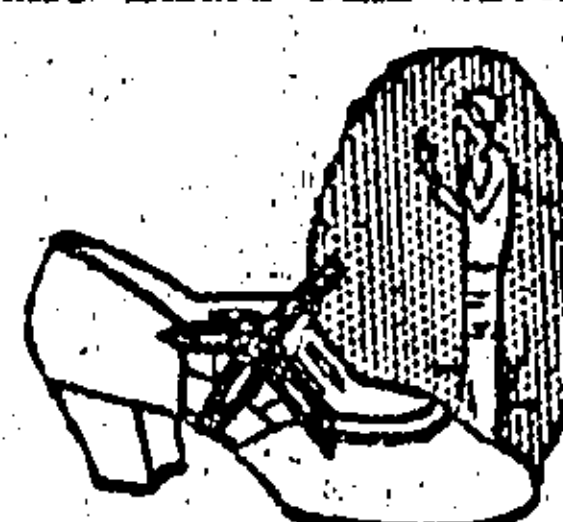
GAY KEE

69, Des Voeux Road, Central
TELEPHONE C. 5503.

Established 1912.
THE

ROYAL SHOE STORE.

Ladies' Dancing and
Walking Shoes.
also Lizard Skin Shoes



MADE TO ORDER
Expert Fit and Good
Workmanship.

No. 1, D'Aguilar Street.
Opposite Yee Sang Fat Co.
Telephone Central 3237.

SALESMAN SAM

Information Wanted

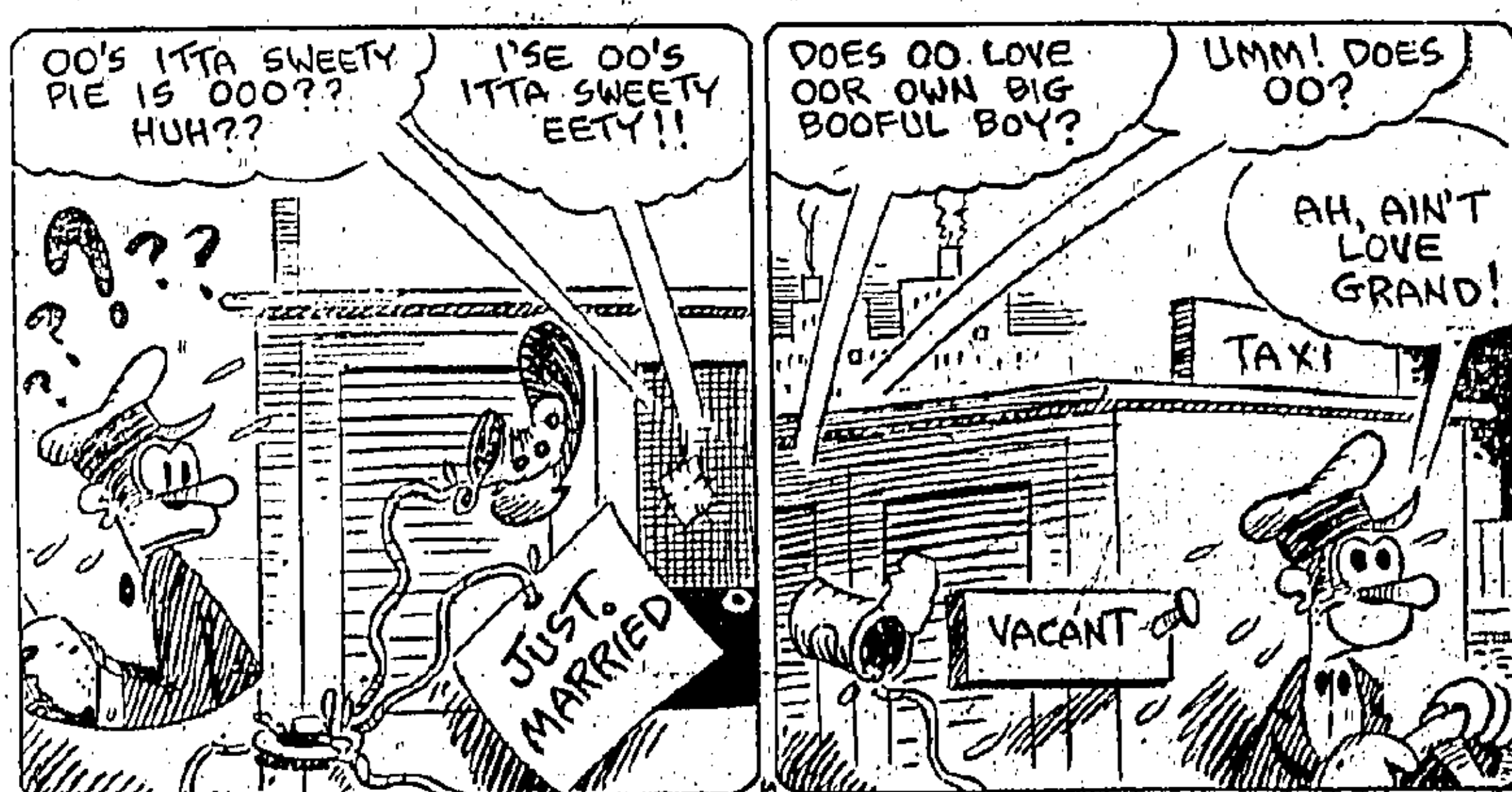
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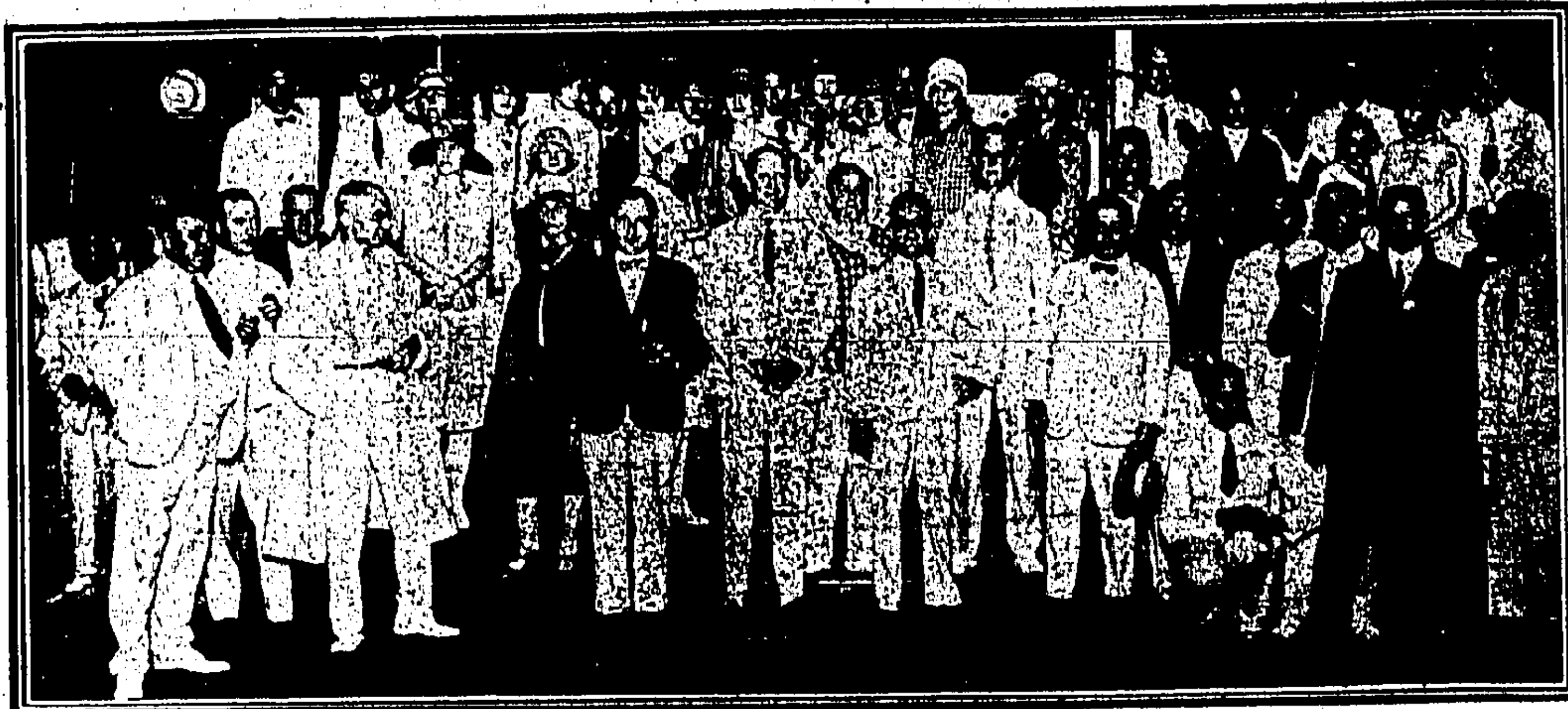
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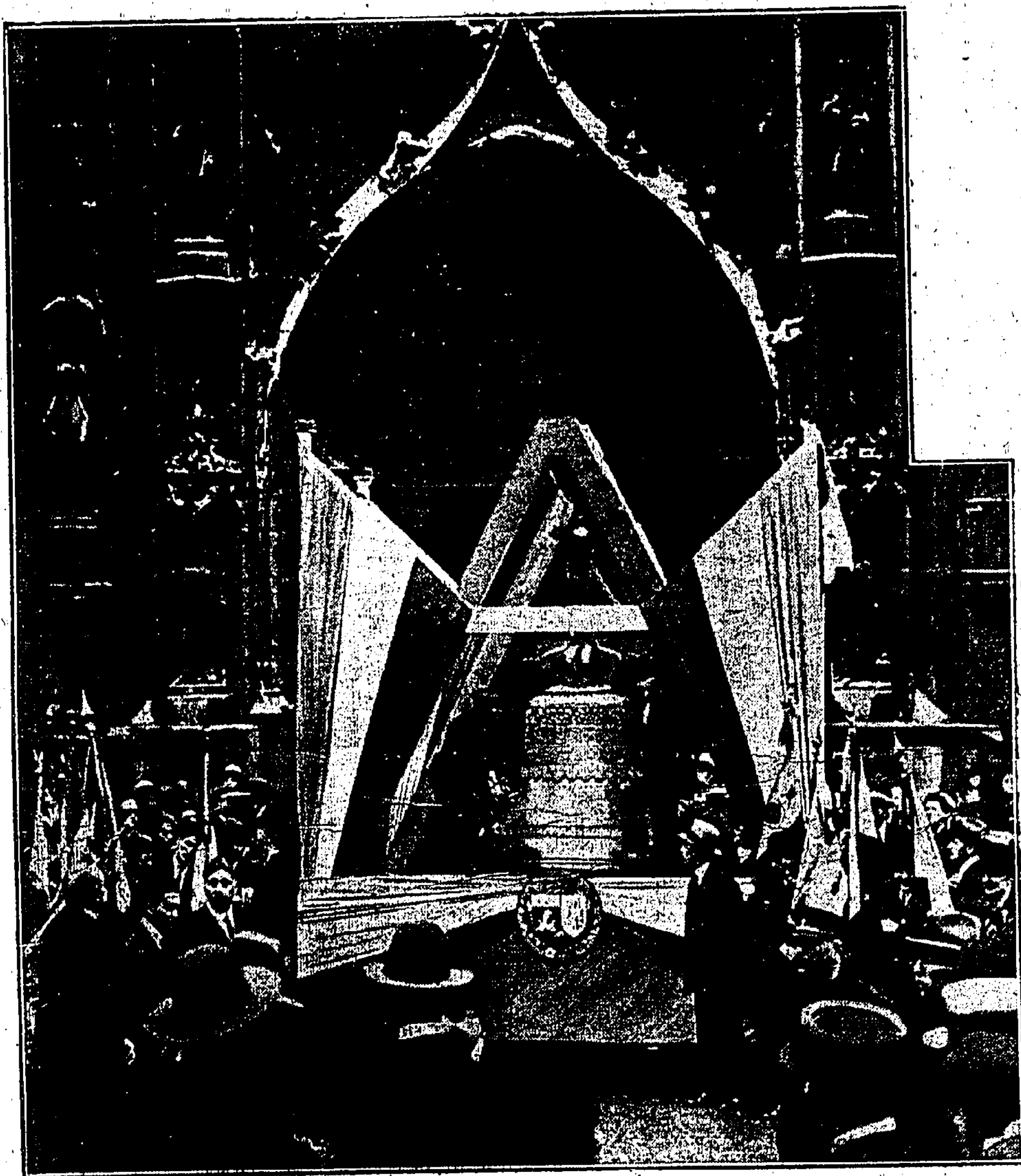
Children thrive well if
nourished by SCOTT'S
Emulsion which en-
riches the blood and
prevents childhood
ailments. Ask for

**SCOTT'S
Emulsion**

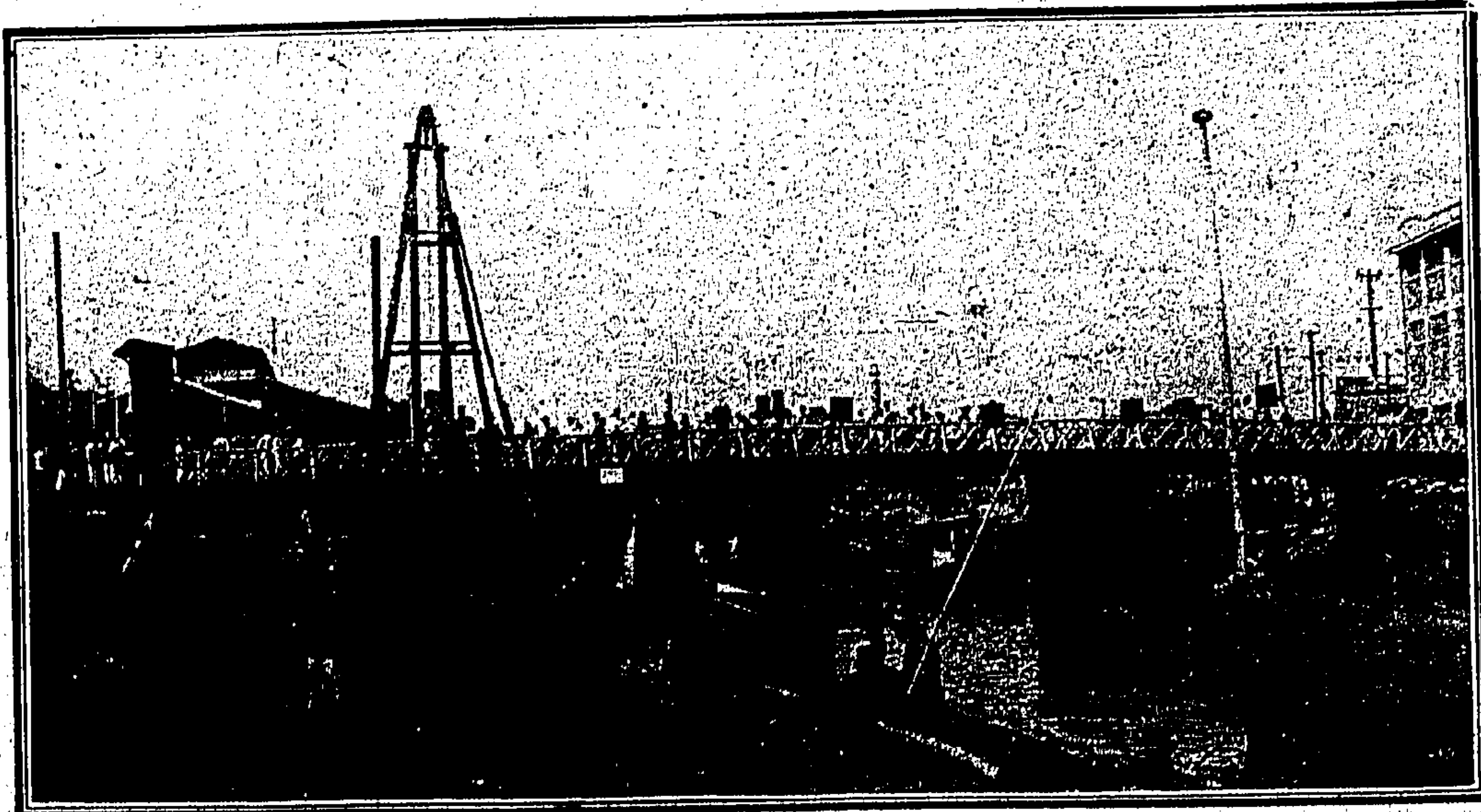




"AT HOME" OF THE DANISH TENNIS CLUB.—The above picture was taken at the Shanghai Danish Tennis Club at their last "at home" of the season, when the finals were played off of both the ladies and the men's singles, won respectively by Mme. Langkjaer and Mr. A. J. Pedersen. Mme. Aagaasen was defeated in the Ladies' match and Mr. J. P. Elster in the Men's.



VICTORY BELL FOR DOUAUMONT.—The "Bourdon de la Victoire," a deep-toned tenor bell which is to hang in the Chapel marking the cemetery site of Douaumont, was moved from its resting-place, the little church of Saint-Nicolas-des-Champs, in Paris, and taken on a lorry to the Arc de Triomphe, where, with impressive ceremony, it was solemnly rung over the tomb of the Unknown Soldier. Our picture was taken as the procession was ready to leave the church. From the Arc de Triomphe the bell continued, by road, its journey through the war zone to Douaumont, where the phrase "They shall not pass" was coined. (Times copyright).



NEW MARKHAM ROAD BRIDGE.—The Chinese authorities have lost no time in replacing the old bridge over Soochow creek, at Markham Road, which collapsed some weeks ago. The new bridge, shown above, was completed recently and declared open a few days later.



BUST OF VALENTINO.—This life-size bust of the late Rudolph Valentino was unveiled at the public memorial service held recently in Los Angeles, commemorating the anniversary of the screen star's death. The statue, made by Humberto Pedretti, was placed in the entrance of the Blessed Sacrament Church for the memorial services.



BRINGS HOME THE BACON.—Bobby Jones brings the bacon home to Atlanta. It is the winner's trophy of the national amateur golf championship to which he fell heir for the third time by his sensational triumph over "Chic" Evans at Minneapolis.



TRIED ATLANTIC HOP.—This is Captain R. H. MacIntosh, British pilot, who completed preparations to fly in his Fokker monoplane, "The Princess Xenia," from Baldonnell, Ireland, to Philadelphia, but had to return owing to unfavourable weather.

Summit COAT DRESS SHIRTS

This is a sensible and convenient development of the "pull-over" shirt. It means that one can put on one's shirt just as a coat and not draw it over the head as in the "pull-over" style. The toilet can be completed—as this method does not "ruffle" the hair—without inconvenience before putting on the shirt. Moreover, this style can be cut closer to the body, dispensing with a considerable amount of surplus material and thereby giving a better "set" to the dress suit.

Fleated Fronts with stiff or Soft Double Cuffs
\$6.50, \$8.50 each.

Stiff Fronts, one or two stud holes, Plain or Fancy
Pique \$6.50, \$8.50, \$9.50 each.

WE ALLOW 10% DISCOUNT FOR CASH

MACKINTOSH
& Co., Ltd.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS
Alexandra Building. Des Vœux Road.

CALDBECK'S OLD TAWNY PORT. EXTRA SELECTED

When you dine at

LANE, CRAWFORD'S RESTAURANT

you are assured of

AN ATTRACTIVE MENU
EFFICIENT SERVICE
GOOD MUSIC—AND
DISTINCTIVE ENVIRONMENT

Morning Coffee and afternoon Tea a Speciality

Dancing
During
Tea
and
Dinner



TELEPHONE
C. 4567.

WHITEAWAYS

SPECIAL OFFER FOR OCTOBER
OVER 2,000 yards

OF
GENUINE
"VIYELLA"
CLOTH

IN STRIPED DESIGNS ONLY
These patterns are specially
Suitable for Men's pyjamas,
Children's night dresses, etc.
31 inches wide

SPECIAL
PRICE
FOR OCTOBER **\$1.75** yd.
PYJAMAS MADE TO ORDER
\$13.50 Suit.

DO NOT MISS THIS WONDERFUL OFFER.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
HONGKONG.



A Profitable Investment.

Judicious Advertising is one of the most profitable investments associated with successful Business Enterprise.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

and secure the co-operation of its readers in buying your goods.

Prepaid Advertisements

25 WORDS FOR \$1.00 (\$1.50 if not prepaid)

The following replies are awaiting collection:

132, 1342, 1397, 1441, 1444, 1451, 1462, 1453, 1512, 1516, 5, 26, 32, 38, 72, 80, 88, 101, 102, 161, 168, 174, 191, 194, 208, 210, 216, 226, 248, 259, 265, 267, 271

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—Clerk and Interpreter in legal office, with nearly 20 years experience, and excellent references, wishes to join an office with good future prospects. Free from 1st January 1928. Replies will be strictly confidential. Apply Box No. 274, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

LOST.

LOST.—On Saturday morning in shopping district, diamond and sapphire bow-knot brooch. Finder please communicate with A. L. Shields, Shewan, Tomes & Co.

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—One European FLAT Wanchai Gap Road, Hongkong. Apply to 32, Kennedy Road.

TO LET.—Office Rooms 2nd Floor, New Hongkong Bank Building. Apply Sang Kee, same building.

COMMUNICATIVE OFFICES to let in No. 7, Queen's Road Central, also two small offices in 1A, Chater Road. Apply E. D. Sassoon and Company, Ltd.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE on the Peak. Newly built. Modern conveniences. For particulars apply to: The Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd.

FOR SALE.—STUDEBAKER SPORTS ROADSTER—1926 Standard Six, run only 8,250 miles, in good mechanical condition, completely equipped. Price \$2,100. Owner leaving colony. Apply Hongkong Hotel Garage.

FOR SALE.—100 large size British Army blankets, from Home; size 60 x 90. 4 1/2 lbs. \$2.25 each. Also one new adjustable combination go-cart/perambulator \$33.75, three children's new tricycles respectively \$5, \$11.25 and \$14.75. One Roneo duplicating machine, recently overhauled, \$110. Local agent and sub-agents required for well-known German blood mixture Stocks available. Apply Montgomery, Ollerton & Co., P. O. Box No. 484, Tel. C.4630.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. RAVEN AND BASTO. ARCHITECTS SURVEYORS AND ENGINEERS.

Are removing to Prince's Building top floor (Corner of Des Voeux Road Central and Ice House Street), as from the 1st of October. Lift entrance next Alexandra Cafe.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

G. R.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 17th day of October, 1927, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of Crown Land at Shamshuipo in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot	Boundary Measurements	Area	Area	Area
1	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.
2	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.
3	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.
4	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.
5	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.
6	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.
7	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.
8	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.
9	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.
10	100 ft. x 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.

NOTICE.

Weekly dances commence on Thursday, 13th October, at the Police Headquarters, Hollywood Road, at 8.30 p.m.

Gentlemen—\$1.00.

Ladies by courtesy.

F. R. DICKSON, Central Police Station.

HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB

REMINDER.

The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Pavilion to-morrow, THURSDAY, 13th October, at 5.30 p.m.

REEL CLUB.

Owing to many Members wishing to attend the St. Andrew's Society "At Home" to Scottish Troops, the Practice for to-day at the Helena May Institute will be held from 9.15—11.15 p.m. instead of 5.30—7.30 p.m.

(Sgd.) R. O. SUTHERLAND, Hon. Secretary.

FRENCH CONVENT, CAUSEWAY BAY.

ANNUAL SALE OF WORK will be opened by Mrs. Southern to-morrow, Thursday, 13th October, at 10 a.m. For the support of the large number of orphans and incurables maintained by Institution. Wonderful assortment of linen, woollen, and embroidered articles, specially suitable for Christmas presents. Games, Raffles, Fish Pond, etc., etc. Draw for Gentlemen's Christmas hampers. 6 p.m. Cinema Performance. Dancing by pupils and other attractions.

HONG KONG LAWN BOWLS ASSOCIATION.

THE INTERPORT DINNER

will be held at the

SAVOY HOTEL.

on

SATURDAY, October 15th, at

8 p.m.

Price \$3, exclusive of Wines.

Those wishing to attend please notify the undersigned.

C. J. TACCHI,

Hon. Sec., H.K.L.B.A.

THE INTERPORT MATCH with Shanghai will take place on the Craigiegowrie Cricket Club Ground on THURSDAY, October 13th, at 3 p.m.

DON'T FORGET

NAVY LEAGUE

GALA

CONCERT

Under the Patronage of

H.E. The Officer Administering the Government,

H.E. The General Officer Commanding,

Vice Admiral Sir Reginald Y. Tyrwhitt,

Bt., K.C.B., D.S.O., D.O.L.

Rear Admiral W.H.D. Boyle, C.B.

to be held on

FRIDAY, 21st OCTOBER,

at 9.30 p.m.

in

QUEEN'S THEATRE

LAMMERT'S AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on TUESDAY,

the 18th October, 1927,

commencing at 2.30 p.m.

at their Sales Room, Duddell Street

A Very Valuable Collection of Curios of Ancient Dynasties, comprising:—Porcelain, Bronze, Sandalwood Stands, Lacquered Screens, Lacquered Stools and Chairs, Chinese Hand Paintings, Ivory Figures, Incense Burners, Jade Trees and Birds, Amber Beads, Mandarin Uniforms, Embroideries, etc., etc.

Catalogues will be issued.

On View from Monday, the 17th October, 1927.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on THURSDAY,

the 13th October, 1927,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Room, Duddell Street.

A Large Assortment of Books,

(Novels, Historical Works, etc.).

On View from Wednesday, the 12th October, 1927.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on THURSDAY,

the 13th October, 1927, at

10.30 a.m. at Godown No. 6, The

China Provident, Loan and

Mortgage Co., Ltd., Praya, Kennedy

Town.

(For account of the concerned),

202 Bags Tonkin White Rice

more or less damaged.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 12th October, 1927.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG & CANTON

ICE MANUFACTURING

COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SIXTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's

Town Office 2, Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, 22nd

Day of October, 1927, at Noon, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 31st July, 1927.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from the 8th October to the 22nd October, 1927, both days inclusive.

By Order

of the Board of Directors,

J. D. THOMSON,

Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 6th October, 1927.

MACAO RACES.

FOURTH EXTRA RACE

MEETING.

Saturday, 15th October & Sunday,

16th October 1927.

(Weather Permitting)

FIRST SADDLING BELL SATURDAY 2 p.m.

SUNDAY 1.15 p.m.

Entrance to Public Enclosure 40 cts.

Entrance to Members Enclosure \$2.00

RACE STEAMERS

TO MACAO

Saturday "LUNGSHAN" 9 a.m.

"SU TAI" 3 p.m.

LUNGSHAN returns to Hong Kong

4 p.m. Saturday

Sunday "TAISHAN" 9 a.m.

TAISHAN returns to Hong Kong 5 p.m. Sunday

SPECIAL FARES FOR RETURN SALOON \$5.00

BY ORDER

S.W. CHENG

Secretary.

SHANGHAI CUSTOMS BELLS.

SUCCESSFULLY HOISTED INTO POSITION.

Commencing at 2.30 p.m. on Friday the five bells destined for the Customs House tower at Shanghai were hoisted into position before a large crowd of spectators who had gathered for the occasion on the Bund. The bells weighing, respectively, six and a quarter tons, nine cwt., 11 cwt., 16 cwt. and one ton 15 cwt. were brought to the spot from Holt's Wharf shortly past 2 o'clock by a G. E. Marden truck, a representative of which firm was there personally to supervise this branch of the work.

After having waited to begin hoisting under the supervision of Messrs. Inness and Riddle (China) Ltd., until 2.35 in the hopes that an expected motion picture camera would arrive, the work was begun. The big bell weighing six and a quarter tons was first placed into position on the truck, raised about 12 inches by the hoist and then dropped again until the hoist screw was unspun. The hoisting took place on the Hankow Road side and traffic was suspended down this street. A cordon of police in charge of Capt. R. M. J. Martin formed to keep spectators outside the radius of the work in case a cable rope might snap and the bell crash downwards. Twelve minutes by count were required to raise the bell slowly up to the dial where it was held half way inside and half outside for a considerable period while other motive apparatus was attached to draw it inward. The work was carried out smoothly without mishap and shortly after the installation of the big bell two smaller ones, marked on their packing cases 4,500 lb. net (2,500 gross) and 2,450 net (2,500 gross) each, were lifted aloft, the other two following during the afternoon. The derricks used for this work, which weighed seven and a half tons, was the property of Sin Jin, main building contractor, and besides the bells a considerable amount of apparatus, such as the steel girders for holding each bell in place went up.

The bells will be stationary, their automatic action consisting of a hammer which strikes from the outside, the latter being part of the mechanism of the clockwork which will be installed, it is thought, within another fortnight after the tower clock arrival. The chiming will not be heard until sometime in December as there remains a large amount of work still to be done in connection with putting the bells into working order.

His Worship, after amending the summons to bring it within the proper section of the Ordinance, said that it was quite clear that if defendant sold the coffee in the form he did, it should be coffee, and nothing else. There was present in this case a considerable amount of foreign matter, more than 10 per cent. of it. An offence had been committed, and a fine of \$25 would be imposed.

Later, Inspector Hughes said that the head of the Sanitary Department was not pressing for a heavy penalty.

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ADULTERATION OF COFFEE.

SHOPKEEPER FINED \$25.

A question which received some attention from Mr. R. E. Lindell, at the Central Police Court this morning, was the percentage of chicory that may be permitted to be introduced into the coffee sold at local shops. The case was one in which the Po Wo compradore's shop, No. 14 Hing Loon Street, was summoned for selling adulterated coffee, that is to say coffee which was not of the substance or nature demanded, in that it contained 13 per cent, according to the analyst's report, of foreign matter, stated to be chiefly chicory.

The shopkeeper was questioned as to the source of his coffee, and he replied that he purchased it from the Yan Tack firm at West Point in the form that was seen by Inspector Hughes when he visited the shop to take a sample. The coffee was sold to his shop directly by a feld of the Yan Tack firm, and was never tampered with before being sold to customers.

Sanitary Inspector Hughes stated that he had no suspicion that the coffee was other than pure when he purchased half-a-pound and took it to the Analyst. He was not

WHEN MAN FIRST
STOOD UP.SEPARATION FROM APE
LIFE PUT BACK.

500,000 YEARS AGO.

Scientists in the United States have been looking forward with keen interest to this year's proceedings at the British Association, and particularly to Sir Arthur Keith's survey of the modern understanding of Darwinism.

Their interest has been heightened by a report published by Dr. Frederick Tilney, Professor of Neurology at Columbia University, and one of the foremost authorities on the brain in the United States, giving his conclusions, after an extensive study of the rare prehistoric fossils collected by the American Museum of Natural History, on man's progress down the path of time, an American correspondent informs the *Sunday Times*.

These fossils represent the relics of men who lived on earth hundreds of thousands of years ago, and Dr. Tilney, who made the investigation at the request of the President of the Museum, Prof. Henry F. Osborn, has recorded views which are challenging in some of their unorthodox leanings.

Aviation and Evolution.

His comparative racial study strongly supports the theory of evolution, and, to quote Dr. Tilney, it also proves: "Our modern brain is as far removed from perfection as were the covered wagons of a generation ago from the aeroplanes of to-day." Incidentally, he thinks that aviation itself may hasten the evolutionary process, whereby mankind will attain a more perfect brain.

Dr. Tilney, in his study of skulls, has collected data which makes a fascinating story of how the manual and mental abilities of man developed, with slight changes in instincts. He tells us why and how man first stood up and walked erect, and how he first made use of his hands.

He begins with the "ape-man of Java," known to all scientists as "Pithecanthropus erectus" and the oldest known fossil in existence. The Java man has long been a bone of contention, and the title "ape-man" represents the compromise of those who did not care to say for certain whether this ancient was a human or a beast.

A Challenging Conclusion.

But having studied the Java man's brain, Dr. Tilney elevates him, placing him definitely as "much higher indeed than any of the great apes." This verdict sets back the date of our humanity 500,000 years, and proclaims the Java man's brain to be the one that separates our first humanity from jungle life by just a slender margin.

To reach this challenging conclusion, Dr. Tilney placed side by side the brains of a gorilla and of the Java man. He studied the great lobes of both brains, and found that that of the "ape-man" was developed to just that slight degree beyond the gorilla's which had made possible the impetus into humanity.

"In size and general appearance," he writes, "the brain of Pithecanthropus (the 'ape-man') resembles that of a three-year-old child." The development of the frontal lobe alone indicated a behavioral advance far above the plane of the gorilla, but equally below that of modern man; and it demonstrated that he must have possessed greater powers of adaptive association and been capable of more advantageous reasoning than the gorilla or other anthropoids.

Brain Progress.

Briefly, this far-off man of Java developed a distinctive individuality and created a slight approach to human personality. He had also learned to make reasoning noises with his tongue and lips, for Dr. Tilney says:—

With all due reservations, the frontal lobe of the Java man indicates that the brains had progressed in its psychic capacity, and that it had expanded in those portions on which unidexterity, reason, language, and human personality depend.

The hand as a symbol of advancement is of great importance. In the case of mammals making their home on the ground and using the four limbs for locomotion, the individual digits in their paws have not acquired individual movements similar to fingers.

Dr. Tilney realized the jump from ape to man in comparing the brain of the Java man and the gorilla. In the parietal lobe of the former he found a development, first, in the humanoid foot; second, the assumption of the erect posture; and third, the emancipation of the hand from locomotor functions. The hand had become freed for acquisitive purposes; the ape-man had so developed from the ape that he used his hands to get what he wanted and to communicate his ideas.

The Pitted Man.

Thus the only reasonable conclusion, that the brain was called on for its supreme development in this parietal lobe when certain of the great apes ceased their tree existence and made their homes on the ground. Study of later fossil brains amply confirmed Dr. Tilney's theory that the development of the hand and the brain was more or less parallel.

Of "The Dawn Man" of Pittedown, Sussex, who has been described as "a somewhat uncertain member of the human family," Dr. Tilney declares:—

His brain attests he had come a long distance from that parting of the ways at which the human and anthropoid stocks separated.

The brain of this Sussex man tells of a race of beings who inhabited England long before history made its feeblest beginnings. Of the Rhodesian brain, reported in 1921, Dr. Tilney agrees that here we have "a strangely exotic cousin."

A "Brutal Cousin."

This "cousin," he states, belonged to a race that was more brutal than that of any known human being, living or extinct. The eyebrow ridges are bigger even than those of the most archaic human or the Java "ape-man," and recall all conditions seen in the gorilla. Yet, according to Dr. Tilney, "the Rhodesian brain appears much superior to that of either the Java or the Pittedown man."

And compared with the latter two, the brain of Neanderthal—the remarkable race of men who began to live in Europe from 150,000 to 200,000 years ago, and had a racial existence of 100,000 years, about 100 or 15 times longer than any modern race has lived—showed expansion in all its major divisions, but the skull was low-vaunted and ape-like in certain respects. Dr. Tilney is convinced that the Neanderthal brain was not yet wholly human.

"From one age to another, and from one race to the next," he concludes, dealing with this Neanderthal brain, "man has shown a steady gain in his power to control material conditions. Where he has stood still, or perhaps even fallen behind, is in learning to control his own nature."

Hand Development.

The doctor draws a parallel between the life of this primitive man and our own. He tells us that he found no indication of different instincts or ideas when he studied the brains of more advanced humans—only an indication of greater skill, the result, generally speaking, of the development of the hand.

And now, through progression in the use of the hand, man, who otherwise has not progressed in instinct from the age-old, warring Neanderthal, has conquered the air. Distance has been eliminated. With this conquest there is nothing to prevent the annihilation of races of people from the air; nothing but a better brain.

ORIGIN OF HUMAN
SPEECH.GESTURES FIRST MADE
WITH HANDS.

SIR R. PAGET'S THEORY.

"In listening to human speech, we are not really interested in the sounds of the speaker's voice. What we are actually listening for are indications of the movements—postures, or gestures—the speaker is making with his organs of articulation—that is to say, his lips, tongue, soft palate (which opens and closes the passage to his nose), and the other movable parts of his throat."

Sir Richard Paget, Fellow of the Institute of Physics, member of the Royal Institution, Assistant Secretary of the Admiralty Board of Invention and Research, 1915-18, whose recreations are given in "Whos Who" as music, acoustics, arts and crafts, makes this declaration in propounding a new theory of the origin of language in the current issue of *Psychic*, a quarterly science magazine published by Kegan Paul and Co.

Sign Language.

"In other words," declares Sir Richard Paget, "it appears that when we talk we are symbolising our thoughts (or such of them as we intend for publication) by making a kind of sign language, and that when we listen to another person (talking we are reading his sign language by ear."

"Our method of understanding speech is, therefore, exactly the same as that of a deaf person who has been taught lip-reading, only he lip-reads by eye, while we do the same thing by an unconscious process of decoding the sounds of speech back into sign language of tongue and lips which produced them."

"The method by which the sign language of articulation was originally developed can, of course, only be guessed at. Let us imagine that man, in his most primitive state of civilization, behaved not unlike the higher animals now, and that he expressed his emotions by emotional cries and explained himself by gestures of his face and limbs generally."

Primitive Man's Discovery.

"As he became more and more engrossed in the arts and crafts—chipping flints for knives, axes, and arrows; pursuing the chase; making bone needles; piercing shells for the use and ornament of his lady friends, and so on—his hands would obviously become more and more occupied."

"It became inconvenient to be always using his hands to 'explain' himself; he tended to make his sign language more with his face and finally with his mouth and throat. "Then he made a great discovery! He found that if he produced his sign language entirely with his tongue, lips and throat, and made an emotional cry at the same time, the emotional cry acted as a 'carrier wave' for the gesture of the mouth and throat, so that the gesture itself could be recognized by ear."

Speech Gestures.

"But how did our primitive ancestor decide on the appropriate gesture to make with his mouth and throat? The answer, I believe, is that man started to speak by imitating with his tongue and other vocal organs the gestures which he had previously made with his hands, and face together."

"His old, original gesture for 'little' would be to represent something small with his hands. His corresponding speech gesture would therefore be to make a small mouth, bringing his tongue forward near his lips and partly closing his lips so as to make a small cavity. His hand gesture for 'big' would be one which represented something big; so his speech gesture would be to make a big mouth, with large opening of the jaws and tongue far back."

"Two other instances may be cited for the sake of the sequel. To represent the idea of 'big' or 'digging,' our primitive friend would no doubt try to dig with his

tongue, unless he preferred to represent the idea by imitating the action of a badger—which is what the Red Indians actually did in their sign language.

Some Examples.

"Let us take the first alternative and try to dig with our tongue. I imagine that we start with the tongue as high as possible, touching the roof of the mouth just behind the teeth, and then drive it down vigorously till the tip of the tongue is behind the lower teeth; then for the upthrow, we jerk the tongue up slightly backward till it just touches the roof of the mouth again. This series of movements makes a fairly good imitation of a digging gesture."

"Lastly, we will take the idea of shaking, like shaking a mat. That is simple: the tongue is just shaken up and down inside the mouth, so as, lightly, to touch the roof of the mouth and the floor of the mouth, behind the upper and lower teeth alternately."

"Let the reader try these 'signs' for himself, and see what kind of spoken words result when the gesture is accompanied by a humming sound made by his vocal chords to act as the 'carrier wave.' The little mouth now makes a 'word' *ee-ee* or *ii-ii* (as in French) according to the extent to which we close our lips. The big mouth makes a word like *aw-aw* or *oh-oh*, in the same way. The digging gesture sounds like *ah-dee* or *ah-ree*, while the shaking gesture makes *oh-oh-oh* or *ory-ory*."

"This interesting fact was brought to my notice by Dr. Neville Whyman—an expert on the Polynesian, Japanese, and Chinese languages—that in certain early forms of those languages the word for little is *i-i* pronounced *ee-ee*; big, *o-ho*, dig, *tah-dee* (pronounced *ah-dee*); shake, *ore-ore* pronounced *ory-ory*."

Natural Method.

"It can hardly be supposed that these four words have all lasted for a million years or more, and really represent the first human efforts at

ex-mimicry as a means of expressing human thought. The more probable explanation is that the method of making symbolic or mimetic gestures with the human mouth and throat is as natural to hearing man as the making of corresponding gestures with the hands is to those who are born deaf. If that is so, the same sort of gestures would tend to be invented in succeeding ages."

"A very large number of our English words can be traced back to what is known as the Aryan or Indo-Germanic family of languages, from which Sanskrit, Greek, Latin, and most of the European languages are derived."

SAFEGUARDING
DUTIES.

MR. W. R. MORRIS'S

TESTIMONY TO THEIR VALUE.

Sir Henry Page Croft, M.P., Chairman of the Empire Industries Association, has received from Mr. W. R. Morris a letter in which he states that "since the McKenna duties were imposed, production in the part of the passenger car motor industry which I control has increased by 35% per cent."

"I attribute these results, so beneficial to the industry, to the workers and to the consumers," Mr. Morris proceeds, "as being largely due to the security afforded by the protection of the McKenna duties, and I should like to place on record my opinion that if similar protection was granted to other industries, which are subjected to unfair foreign competition, we could absorb the whole of the nation's unemployed in productive industry."

"I share your view that national prosperity will not be served by the reduction of wages in order to compete with the lower wage level of the Continent, and for this reason I am strongly in favour of safeguarding all round, as by such means I believe we can not only maintain, but increase, real wages in all branches of industry."

THE JUNGLE'S WILD
MEN.IN THE LAND OF THE
INCAS.

DR. MCGOVERN'S VENTURES.

"Now that Africa has been opened up, and both of the Poles discovered, there remain but few places in the world which are as untouched and unexplored as the vast stretches of territory watered by the Amazon, the largest of all the rivers. There are still hundreds of thousands of square miles of virgin forest through which no white man has ever penetrated, and in which dwell many curious and unknown species of animal life, and herds of savage tribes who know of no culture other than their own."

This is the country which Dr. W. M. McGovern describes in his book, "Jungle Paths and Inca Ruins," published by Hutchinson and Co. He has produced a fascinating and remarkable work.

It is impossible to give any adequate idea of the book in a short space, but even the chapter headings whet the appetite. "The Beast Men of the Jungle," "Vampire Bats," and "Cannibalistic Orgies" would surely satisfy even Jones Minor. These things are all in the day's march for Dr. McGovern.

He has this interesting story of how the Amazon got its name. Some of Pizarro's warriors brought back the tale of "frequent attacks by women warriors with long, fair hair, and pale, bronzed skins. The Spanish explorer probably mistook for women the male warriors of the Yahu tribe, who to this day dress in capes and skirts of grass, and wear their hair long."

The Great Cataract.

"The formation of the houses is a very important factor in trying to establish the cultural relations of the various South American tribes," writes Dr. McGovern. "There are tribes with no settled abode who wander perpetually hither and thither in the forests, like the wild beasts upon which they prey. There are others which dwell in houses of thatch, shaped like beehives. Other tribes again build for themselves square or rectangular homes."

When he passes Ipanore he makes the passage of the great cataract. "It was certainly the most terrible of all we had seen so far. The thundering of the water against the rocks gave rise from time to time to a low musical note. The Indians believed that this was the voice of the Demon of the waters calling for sacrifice. Innumerable lives have been lost in this cataract, and it certainly marks the limit of all navigation."

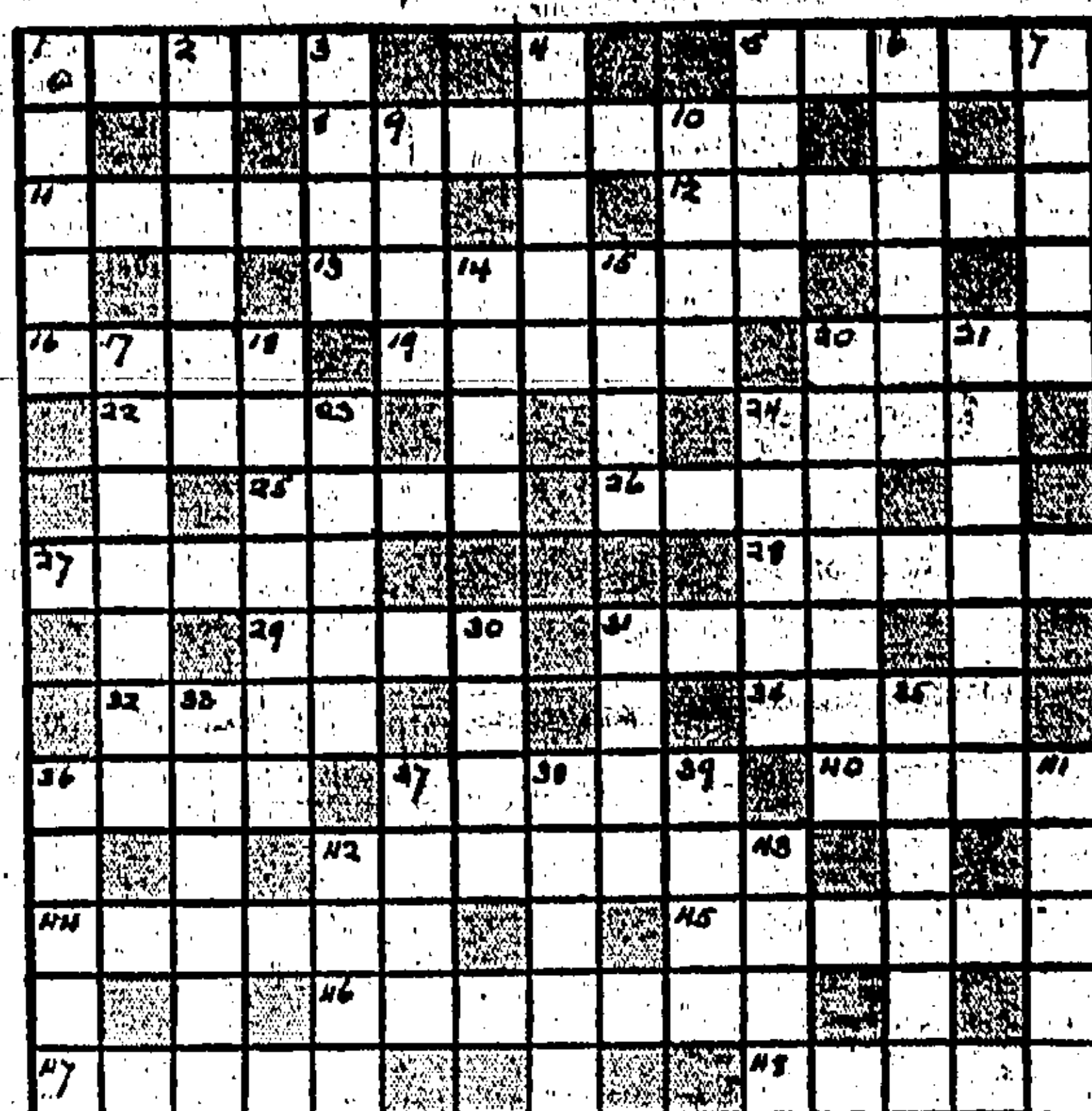
Among his other adventures, Dr. McGovern baptized a number of native children, at the request of their parents, dubbing some of the boys Plato, Diogenes, and Cicero. He meets, too, the Porga, or beastman of the jungle.

"Such a primitive culture I had never seen before," he writes. "Neither man nor woman wore a stitch of clothing. Both sexes were as naked as the day on which they were born. Most curious of all is the absence of means of personal ornamentation."

He is initiated by the Wai-kano tribes into their great ceremony, at which no woman may be present. "To the Indians it is the man who is the creator and the life-giver, and it is only the man who can share in the rites."

The latter portions of the book tell of the doctors' researches among the old Inca civilization. "In spite of earthquakes and centuries of decay," he writes, "I was unable to slip a safety razor blade between the stones of the Inca walls; so neatly and closely were they placed one upon another. There was an air of magic about it."

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



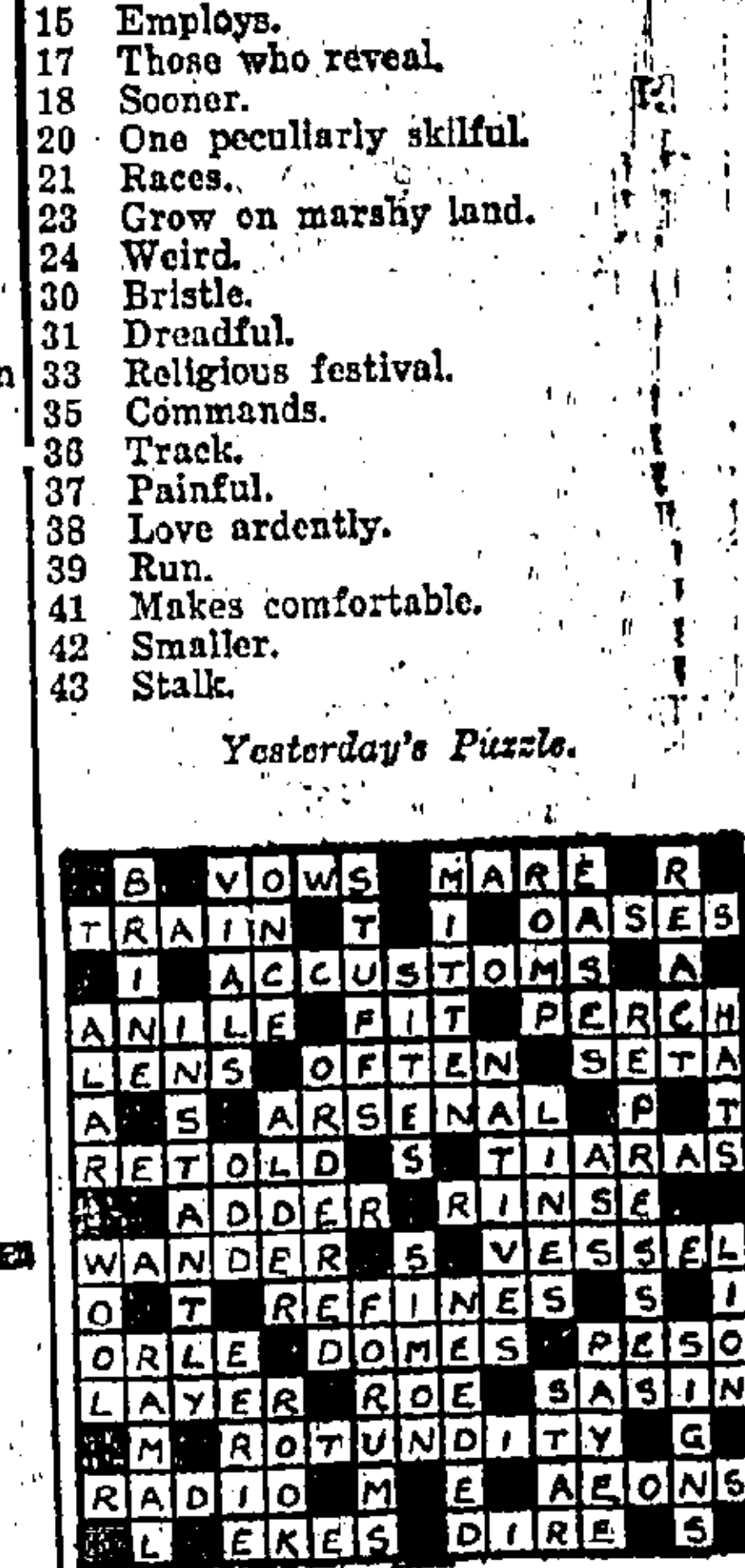
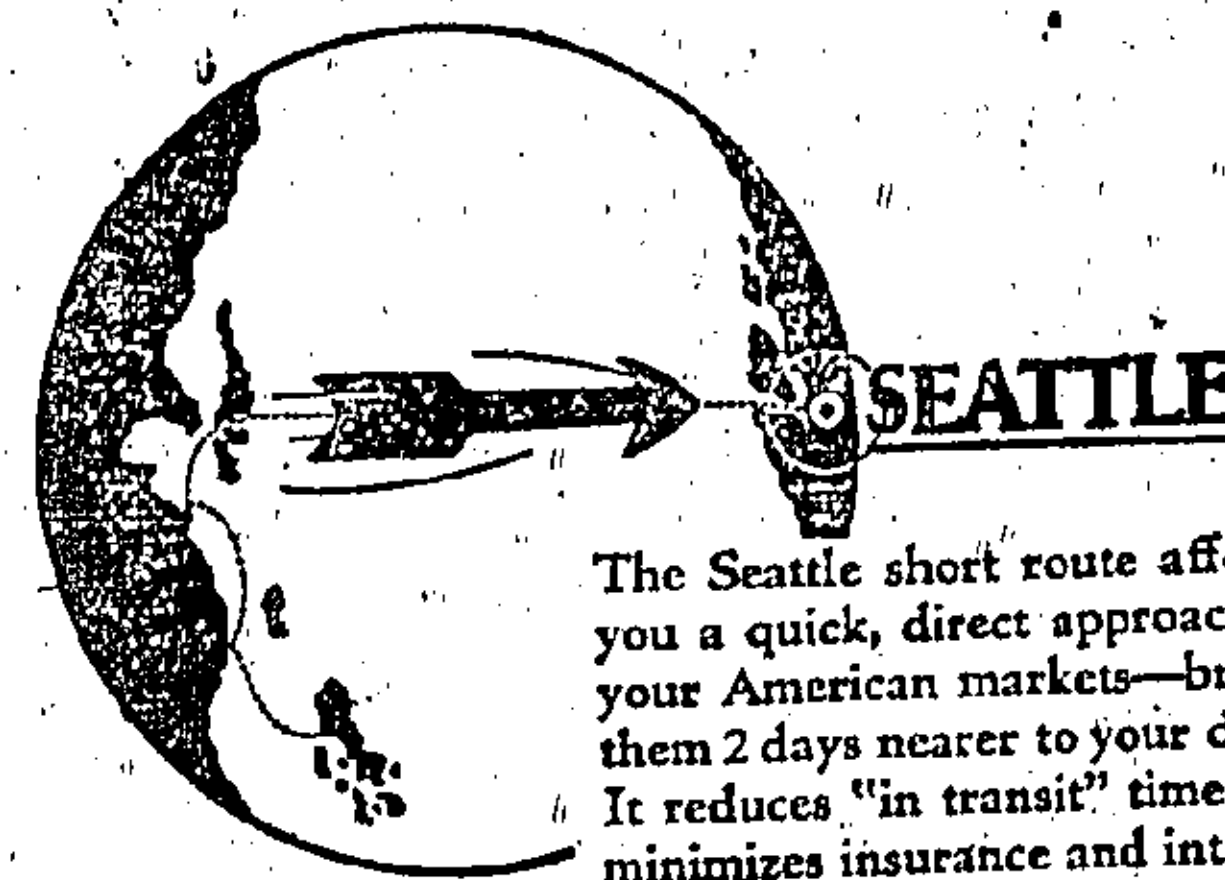
Across.

- 1 A council.
- 5 Local positions.
- 8 Constituent substance.
- 11 Rivulet.
- 12 Idle.
- 13 More reports.
- 16 European capital.
- 19 Pithy.
- 20 Semicircular structure found in churches.
- 22 Fruit.
- 24 Formerly.
- 25 Restraint.
- 26 Hard fat.
- 27 Aged.
- 28 Competitor.
- 29 Dates in Roman calendar.
- 31 Raised platform.
- 32 Brazilian coins.
- 34 College.
- 36 Ex-ruler.
- 37 Common.
- 40 Old Irish language.
- 42 Those who fill.
- 44 Horn.
- 45 British mammals.
- 46 Notch on edge.
- 47 Roman deities.
- 48 Ponders.

Down.

- 1 Giver.
- 2 Book.
- 3 Close.
- 4 Singer.
- 5 Complete suits.
- 6 Bodies of soldiers.
- 7 Milestone.
- 9 Close.
- 10 Heart of an object.

Yesterday's Puzzle.

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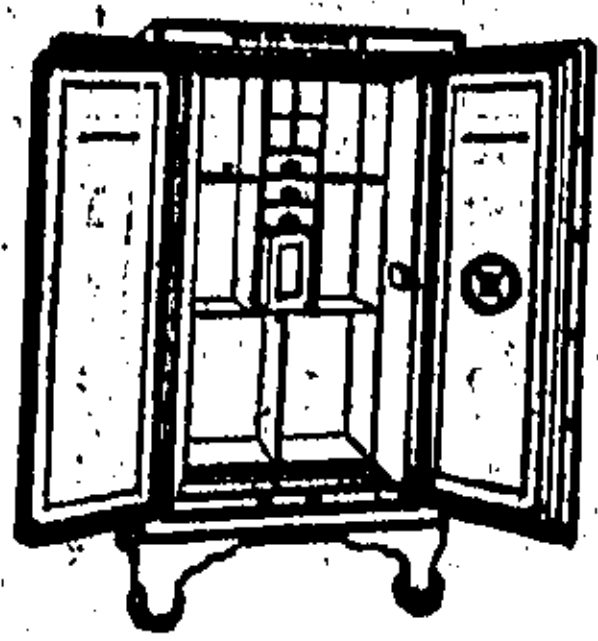
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The Hongkong Telegraph

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1927

AIR MAILS TO THE EAST.

The success of a Dutch air pilot who has flown to the Netherlands East Indies from Holland, carrying a trial mail, within ten days, draws attention to the feasibility of the regular institution of an aerial mail to the Far East from Europe. This has been advocated for several years, but nothing definite has hitherto eventuated. It is remarkable that, with the extension of passenger flights, the many attempts at long non-stop records, the continuous efforts to traverse territory in various makes of machines, and the success that has attended such ventures—for instance, the flights to and from Australia, and to the Cape and back, as well as the visits of British officials by aeroplane to India—nothing has been done towards inauguration of a definite air mail schedule over the areas so well traversed. Let us examine the feat of the Dutch pilot. Despite a day's delay owing to engine trouble when flying from India to Burma, he completed his flight to Java within the ten days stipulated. The average time for a mail steamer from Amsterdam to Batavia is not short of a whole month, or even more, so that the aerial route has reduced the time taken to one third. The charge is ten florins, which is about \$10 in Hongkong currency at present rates of exchange, for a single letter. Close typed, on thin paper, such a communication could run into several thousand words without exceeding the weight limit that may be imposed. There must be hundreds of business men, in this Colony alone, who would cheerfully pay \$10 for a letter to get home within ten days. Had the pilot flown across Burma and Siam to Hongkong, instead of down the Malay Peninsula, he would have reached here at about the same time as he arrived at Java, so that London to Hongkong might well be done in nine days, or even less. There is reference to the possibility of the journey from Holland to Java being performed within a week, a Dutch journal advocating the co-operation of the British authorities, with a relay of men and machines. This is a very good suggestion, and is not a new one. It is quite within the realm of practicability for mails to be carried to and from between London and the Far East in a week.

In touching the matter of long-distance air mails, one must take into account also the various points touched en route. By carrying a certain quantity of postal packages between the different countries traversed, the operators of the schedule could make a considerable profit, and that alone should be an incentive to the effort. But in a case of this nature, a Government subsidy would no doubt be readily forthcoming to establish the scheme thoroughly. It is to be hoped that, now the Dutch authorities have set the pace, our own powers-that-be will not lag behind, and will shortly consider the possibility of at least a mail service between England and India. That could be the first stage in an accelerated mail to the Far East, cutting out something like a fortnight from the present time. The service could link up with the ordinary steamer mail at Negapatam, for instance. Once the England-India route had become established, an extension eastwards by aerial carriers would naturally follow. Perhaps we are not so very far off from a realisation of this suggested speedy mail service, now its practicability has been so well demonstrated in the Amsterdam-Batavia flight.

Motor Show.

Perhaps nothing has been so spectacular in recent years in the industrial world as the growth of the motor industry, and a British Wireless message yesterday which reminded the world that the annual motor show at Olympia is due to open to-morrow, indicated that this year's show is going to be far more important and comprehensive than any of its many predecessors. It was interesting to learn that it is computed that there are more than 78,000,000 motor vehicles in the world and that such a figure is considered to be a long way below the saturation point. And it stands to the credit of British manufacturers that they have been pioneers in the very light, cheap-running kind of motor vehicle which has brought the joys of motoring well-nigh within the reach of all. The motor production of Britain is, as compared with the colossal output of America, still a long way in arrears of what it might be, but the British article has a world-wide reputation for worthiness that is going to stand it in good stead in the keen competition that undoubtedly lies ahead. The British motor trade has grown enormously in recent years—in fact it has been the brightest spot in the whole of the country's industrial outlook, and it is constantly absorbing new labour and much of that displaced by slackness in other industries. There is long-sighted argument on the side of those who urge that the Government at home should do all in its power to assist in the development of roads—good main roads that will not only make motoring more attractive to the present car owner but will facilitate the development of the industry by creating the demand for more cars. The British motor manufacturer, now that he is really in the business with a free hand (he lost a tremendous amount to America during the days of the war), is proving his capacity to turn out a high-class, reasonably-priced product that will assuredly earn for him big markets throughout the world, if he and his selling advisers go the right way to work in competing with the makers of rival countries. Year by year there has been a big advance in the design of British cars, and many of the smaller makers, who were not strong enough to stand alone and compete and who only produced a confusion and needless multiplicity of makes, have been driven into either absorption or amalgamation with larger concerns so that to-day the British motoring industry is better organised and capitalised than ever before. Perhaps Britain, owing to its geographical limitations, will never be the equal in size of America in the motor industry, but we do like to think, and with good enough cause, that the British product is worthy of the great engineering reputation of the country of its origin. And may that ever be so.

The sand bag redoubt, erected in March, at the intersection of Range and Fushan Roads, in the Northern district of Shanghai, is being demolished by a squad of Indian soldiers. This barricade lately has become an eyecore to the residents of the district owing to the very bad condition it was allowed to fall into, also the narrow passage for traffic available between it and the barbed wire on the other side of the road. The removal of this insanitary object is being hailed with satisfaction, says the Shanghai Mercury by that section of the community which has to use that part of the Settlement.

DAY BY DAY.

BE NOT LIQUORISH AFTER FAME, FOUND BY EXPERIENCE TO CARRY A TRUMPET, THAT DOTH FOR THE MOST PART CONGREGATE MORE ENEMIES THAN FRIENDS.—Osborn.

The B. I. s.s. Takliwa is now due here from Amoy, to-morrow afternoon.

The forthcoming wedding is announced of Miss M. J. Warbrick, of the Government Civil Hospital to Mr. K. K. Staple, of Messrs. Pilgrim and Co.

One British case of diphtheria, and two Chinese cases of typhoid (with one death) were reported last week. There was a clean bill of health yesterday.

The body of a Chinese, in a state of decomposition, was found hanging on a tree yesterday near the filter beds by the Waterworks at Kowloon. It has since been removed to the Public Mortuary.

A Chinese cyclist, who met with an accident near the Yau-mat Police Station yesterday, was removed to the Kwong Wah Hospital. The cyclist, it is said, fell off his machine and fractured his left leg.

Motor cycle No. 851, ridden by Sergeant Condon, ran into a Chinese woman, aged 49, on the main road in Chai Wan yesterday. Sergeant Condon himself received injuries which necessitated his removal to the Government Civil Hospital.

A Chinese, who was crushed between two hand trucks at the junction of Queen's Road Central and Ladder Street, was yesterday removed to the Government Civil Hospital with injuries to his head and legs. The truck coolies decamped after the accident.

This morning's Harbour Office reports for the 24 hours ending at nine o'clock gave nine arrivals and 18 departures, British figures being three and five respectively. Cargo was on the light side, being shared by all ships with the exception of one British vessel, which did not report any cargo.

The civil marriage ceremony was performed by Mr. Jamieson, at the British Consulate General on Shanghai, Saturday morning, when Miss Eugenie Marjorie Lintilhac became the bride of Mr. Cecil Allen Pouncey, Assistant in the Revenue Department of the Chinese Maritime Customs.

The funeral service for the blue-jacket of H. M. S. Mantis who fell into the Whangpoo and was drowned and whose body was recovered only on Thursday, after several days in the water, was held on Thursday afternoon. At an inquest held before the funeral, a verdict of death from misadventure was returned.

Convicted this morning by Mr. R. E. Lindsell of the theft of a blanket from No. 29 Sing Woo Road, a Chinese was sentenced to three months' hard labour. There was a further charge against the man for returning from banishment and on this count Mr. R. E. Lindsell imposed a sentence of nine months' hard labour and twenty strokes.

The following ships were expected to be in wireless communication with Hongkong to-day: Van Heutz, Santhia, Kumsang, Macedonia, Yingchow, Takliwa, Malwa, Suisang, Angers, General Metzinger, Benclouch, Diomed, President Jackson, President Pierce, Tjialak, Tjikembeng, Menado, Maru, Times Maru, Romolo, Ohio Maru, Tangistan and Norviken.

The activities of Messrs. Siemens Schuckert and Co., the famous German firm at Harbin, have been remarkable. On top of undertaking to construct the electric trams for the China Electricity Co., it has contracted for installing additional equipment for 4,500 automatic telephones (the present capacity being 3,000 telephones) and the establishment of another automatic system for about 3,000 telephones for Fuchiatien (Chinese Quarter of Harbin). The German firm has further taken up the work of erecting a new power house of 6,000 volts at Tsitsihar.

The following forthcoming weddings are announced: Lieut. Comdr. Conway Benning Allen, R. N., H. M. Submarine L5, of Lisconnan, Dornock, County Antrim, and Majorie Brough Warren, Westmoreland House, Tunbridge Wells, A. McAlpine, marine engineer of the s.s. Luizang, and Elizabeth Paterson Stewart, of 120 Drumfrochar Road, Greenock, Scotland, Kenneth Kingsley Staple, merchant, of "Huntingdon", Stubbs Road, and Martha Jane Warbeck, nursing sister, Government Civil Hospital, Firmo Xavier Delgado, clerk, of 162 Belchers Street, and Mercedes Filomena Castilho, 1 Cadogan Street.

CORRESPONDENCE.

"OUR DESCENT FROM APES."

[To the Editor, Hongkong Telegraph.]

Sir,—Evidently "R.P." is an earnest student of the subject of man's possible, or impossible, descent from apes, or an ape-like ancestor. However, he contents himself with quotations, and these, I need hardly point out, do not prove anything. To give someone else's opinion is to give that opinion, for whatever it may be worth, and nothing more. Just as Professor Bateson said one thing at one time, so his successor, Sir Arthur Keith, says an entirely different thing now. Are we, then, to come down to a competition as to which of them, Bateson or Keith, is the greater man? Surely not.

I, too, in the course of many years' study of the subject, have read a number of books, and they have all tended to prove, if the authors' contentions are worth anything, that there cannot be the simultaneous side by side, of entirely different nature, yet very closely allied. Perhaps I did not make myself clear in the first letter I wrote you. To quote as well—and I could give the published views of a host of men of science, were I to trespass unduly on your space—I shall content myself with a reference to the question of duality. It is by a learned man who himself refers to a number of other research workers by name. I give the views of Meckel, who in his well-known publication the "Reytrage zur vergleichenden Anatomie," says: "There is no good physiologist who has not been struck by the observation that the original form of all organisms is one and the same, and that out of this one form, all the lowest as well as the highest, are developed in such a manner that the latter pass through the permanent forms of the former as transitory stages. Aristotle, Haller, Harvey, Klemm, Autenrieth, and many others have either made this observation incidentally, or especially the latter, have drawn particular attention to it, and drawn therefrom results of permanent importance for physiology."

I have purposely quoted that, because it was written many years before Charles Darwin had yet learned to do his strokes and pot-hooks.—Yours, etc., V. HUGHES.

Hongkong, October 12, 1927.

Sir,—I am afraid that "R. P." persists in wandering off the track of this argument. I do not doubt that that "bestiality" of which he speaks is a fact, both in olden times and to-day. The Biblical reference merely quotes it as one of those things that are not to be done. But I have not seen anyone before advance it as a theory, as your correspondent does, that it may be the cause of "an ape's descent from man." We were dealing with a man's descent from apes (which I do not believe is possible).

Incidentally, "R.P." does not seem to be aware that such bestiality of which he speaks cannot result in any offspring. This is easily a scientific fact.—Yours, etc., SEEKER.

Hongkong, October 12, 1927.

MR. COSGRAVE IS RE-ELECTED.

DAIL OPPOSITION DEFEATED.

Dublin, Oct. 11.

The Dail was crowded at the opening of the new session. It debated a motion for the re-election of Mr. Cosgrave as President of the Executive, which was carried by 76 to 70 votes, against the opposition of the Republicans and Labourites.—*Reuter*.

Neither of the opposition parties submitted an alternative motion. Mr. Cosgrave received the support of 6 Farmers and 11 Independents, while Mr. Redmond abstained from voting.—*Reuter*.

THE MEXICAN REVOLT SUPPRESSED.

PRESIDENT CALLES AGAIN SUPREME.

Mexico City, Oct. 11.

The revolution has been crushed, leaving President Calles complete master, and Obregon the only presidential candidate. It is estimated that one Federal and 150 revolutionists were killed in battle, and that 10,000,000 pesos were spent by the Government in suppressing the movement, but all rebel property reverts to the State.—*Reuter's American Service*.

The Very Idea!

New Visitor—"Has this boarding-house any special advantages?"
Older Visitor (experienced)—"Yes, you'll find it quite safe to bathe directly after a meal."

Woman at Tottenham: When I returned home with my hair shingled, my husband packed his clothes and went away.

Man at Yarmouth: A house-keeper is not a servant, but next door to a wife.

Witness at west country police court: He said my dog was a mongrel, and I said his cat was no better than she ought to be, and then he called me names.

"Bit of family trouble I want your advice on, sir," remarked a sad-looking middle-aged man as he stepped into the witness-box at Willesden Police-court. "My daughter's young man wants to be king of the castle, and only been courting the girl a month. Now, there's only one king of my castle—and that's me; you understand, sir. And the trouble is that the missus thinks more of him than she does of me. We have a bit of an up-and-downer last night, and he has the cheek to fetch a policeman to me in my own house. I fetches a policeman as, well, naturally, and my policeman says to me, 'You go in and fetch him out and I'll deal with him.' Well, as matter of fact, that's what I'd fetched the policeman for, not to do the job myself, but as he explains to me, he'd want a warrant before he could go in the house. Then the young man's policeman came up, and he says to him, 'See the magistrate in the morning,' and my policeman says the same to me, and off they goes."

The Magistrate: "This is all very unfortunate, particularly as you and your wife are on opposite sides. Of course, you must use no undue violence, but by all means put him out, but do not strike him. Applicant: Push him, like, you mean, sir?"

The Magistrate: Yes, push him out.
Applicant: I understand now, sir. When he comes round to-night I'm going to push; no undue violence, nor nothing like that, mind you. I shall just push, and after that there will be only one king in my castle—and that's me.

Petrol is a fine mascot.—Captain Hinchliffe.
The latest building in Regent Street will be a bank number in 1940.—Mr. G. S. Holmes.

Some women, as soon as they stop nursing babies, start nursing grievances.—Mr. J. A. R. Cairns.
I hold very definitely that, from an English point of view, the English girl makes a far better mannequin than her French confrere.—Mr. A. H. Williams (of Selfridge's).

The supervisor of a Western railroad received the following note from one of his track foremen:—

"I am sending in the accident report on Casey's foot when he struck it with the spike maul. Now, under 'Remarks,' do you want mine or do you want Casey's?"

An amusing story was fired off recently by Mr. T. W. Cosgrave, president of the Irish Free State, concerning a young peasant woman—Sally Sweeney—who used to walk into Galway twice a week to do shopping for her family. She could neither read nor write, yet she never made a mistake with any of the messages that were entrusted to her.

Once, however, her memory did fail her. One of the ladies of the family had commissioned her to bring back a yard of satin, and the word had slipped out of Sally's mind.

But she did not allow herself to be beaten without an effort to recall it, so she went into the principal shop in Galway still thinking hard.

"What is it that ye call the devil," she asked, "when it's not devil that ye say to him?"

"Is it Satan you would be meaning?" asked the astonished draper. "The very name," said Sally delightedly. "An' ye'll give me a yard."

The steamer was ploughing her way across the Channel at a time when a big sea was running. A kindly steward went up to an old lady, who looked very pale and was leaning against the rail. "Come below," he said, "your teeth are chattering with the cold."

"Don't tell lies, liddle," replied the old lady sternly. "My teeth are in my pocket."

The first calendar of the season comes from Messrs. Brower and Co., booksellers. The illustration, "The Commissioner of Oaths," depicts a parrot resting on top of a set of golf clubs along across a golfer's shoulder on the way to the links.

SYNAGOGUE INVADDED
AT SHANGHAI.DISTRIBUTION OF TRACTS BY
MISSIONARIES.

ON DAY OF ATONEMENT.

The entire Jewish community of Shanghai is outraged by the unseemly act of three missionaries who disturbed the Day of Atonement services in the Beth Aaron Synagogue in Museum Road on Thursday last.

The Day of Atonement is the most sacred in the Jewish calendar. From sunset on the evening before until sunset on that day, every Jew is expected to fast and to devote himself entirely to prayer. Even those who do not ordinarily observe Jewish religious customs, go to the synagogue on that day, when the service is devoted to prayers for the atonement of sins.

Courtesy to Supposed Visitors.

On this day, two male missionaries, nationality unknown, and one woman, a Chinese, entered the Beth Aaron Synagogue. The custom among the Jews for the doors to be wide open, everyone being admitted without question. These visitors expressed the wish to follow the service, which is in Hebrew. They were treated with every courtesy even to the extent of being provided with prayer books which contained an English translation so that they could follow the services. The men were given seats on the main floor, while the Chinese woman was shown to the balcony, the Jews separating men from women during these religious services.

It soon began to dawn on the elders that these Gentiles were surreptitiously distributing anti-Jewish tracts among the children. The woman was particularly obnoxious in this respect but the men were also engaged in this outrageous betrayal of hospitality. Two of the tracts were in English and one in Yiddish, the latter being particularly pernicious. The members of the Beth Aaron Synagogue cannot read Yiddish, which is a jargon used exclusively by the Jews of Eastern Europe. The pamphlets in English were entitled, "Charlie Coulson, the drummer boy, a true story of the American War," and "How did the Jew know his sin was forgiven?" The Yiddish tract was entitled, "The Search for Blood." An English translation of this title is erroneously given in the pamphlet as "The Search for Blood Atonement." The three tracts are published by Loizeux Brothers, Bible Truth Depot, 1 East 13th Street, New York. From this address, it is assumed—but not confirmed—that the two males were Americans.

Asked to Leave the Synagogue.

When the conduct of the three Gentiles was made known, they were requested to leave the synagogue in no uncertain terms. On the Day of Atonement, when the entire congregation goes without food and water, and when the mind is to be devoted entirely to religious services, such an interlude was terribly distressing, particularly as it raised a commotion, until almost half the congregation was in the lobby of the synagogue listening to the altercation between those who were asking the disturbers of the peace to leave the house of worship and the so-called Christians who were insisting upon their right to distribute their tracts anywhere. Finally, they departed. Fortunately, because of the sacredness of the day, even the youngest hot-heads controlled themselves. Otherwise, these tract distributors would undoubtedly have been mobbed.

Jewish Horror over Incident.

It is understood that persons connected with some missionary organisation have been disturbing Jewish synagogues for some time. Visits have been made previously to Ohel Rachel and to Beth Aaron. A prominent Jewish leader said last night:

"Our religion discourages proselytism. We never ask others to give up their religion to accept ours. We go our way in peace and ask only to be permitted to worship God according to our lights. The horror of this thing lies in these people disturbing us during our Holy Day, and attempting to corrupt our children. It is like a guest coming into a house, eating at one's table and then ravaging his daughter. We shall take steps to prevent similar outrages."

At the annual general meeting of the Shanghai Ladies Golf Club, it was decided to close the section temporarily for matches and competitions, owing to lack of support. Future communications should be addressed to the secretary of the Shanghai Golf Club.

MACAO NOTES.

TWO CELEBRATIONS.

Macao, Oct. 11.
October 5th, was a Government Holiday in Macao being the 17th anniversary of the Portuguese Republic.

Early in the morning the new Constabulary Band played the Portuguese National Anthem in front of the summer residence of H. E. the Governor of Macao.

At 10.30 there was reception at Government House. Many prominent residents of this Colony, members of the Chinese and foreign communities, civil and military staff and high officials repaired to Government House to greet H. E. the Governor of Macao, Senhor Artur Tamagini Barbosa.

At night all the Government offices and various other buildings and gunboats were profusely illuminated for this festive occasion. There was a ball at Government House for which many invitations had been issued.

Chinese National Day.

On October 10th the Chinese Community of Macao celebrated the 16th anniversary of the Chinese Republic. An interesting programme had been organised for the occasion, the streets in the Chinese quarters being decorated with flags and garlands and in various places arches had been erected.

A reception was held at the Keng Woo Hospital. Many invitations were being issued to prominent residents of the Colony.

A large lantern procession at night was one of the interesting items of the day's programme.—Our Own Correspondent.

THIEF'S STORY.

DISBELIEVED HARD LUCK
TALE.

A Chinese who was charged before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, this morning with the theft of a blanket and two pieces of clothing from a contractor's match at Pokfulam, pleaded guilty to the offence but asked his Worship's permission to relate a little personal history.

Permission being duly given, the defendant, bursting into tears, said that he had been to jail previously for stealing. Since that time he had been unable to find employment—the fact that he had been in prison being very much against him. Some friends did their best to find him work, but in spite of their efforts they were not even able to get him a coolie's billet. In the eighth month, he got married but his wife proved both disappointing and disobedient. He tried several times to send her away to the country but she refused to part with him. Mr. Lindsell: You got married while you were out of employment?

Defendant: Her mother sent her out from the country and urged me to marry her.

Mr. Lindsell: You would have committed suicide if you were urged.

The Magistrate, having listened to the tale thus far, asked, the police if they knew anything against the man.

Inspector Grant stated that the defendant was once employed at the match where he committed the theft. He was dismissed in August but since that time had made frequent visits to the match. On the night of October 8, he saw two occupiers of the shed leaving the place and defendant went in and slept in the shed leaving at about 4 a.m. taking with him the blanket and two jackets.

A sentence of three months' hard labour was imposed.

THE QUEEN'S.

CLEVER POLA NEGRI FILM.

The current attraction at the Queen's Theatre shows that very clever actress Pola Negri in a film full of emotional acting and much exciting incident.

The story of "The Night Flower" is set in the far west of America in what are now looked back upon as the early days—in the fifties. Virile Americans had pushed out the easy-going Spaniards, but there were one or two remnants of the old proud Spanish stock, clinging to tradition and the remains of former splendour. Pola Negri takes the role of an imperious Spanish belle to whom befalls a series of rather melodramatic experiences in connexion with her title to a gold mine. The whole gamut of emotional experiences—love, hate, sorrow and triumph—are given to Pola to "register" and it must be said that she does so with consummate artistry. There is a strong story, and much really exciting incident.

The rest of the programme is fully up to standard, the Mack Sennett comedy introducing a number of lions that are remarkably trained.

MORE MONEY.

COLONY'S ADDITIONAL
EXPENDITURE.

EFFECTS OF THE TYPHOON.

A number of items of supplementary expenditure, totalling \$46,617, will come up for consideration at to-morrow's meeting of the finance committee of the Legislative Council.

In asking for a sum of \$495 for an eastern pumping station, Hong-kong waterworks, it is explained that a sum of \$494.85, equivalent to £50, is required for Crown Agent's account for part payment of the Consulting Engineer's fee in connexion with a proposed new eastern pumping station, the scheme for which is for the present in abeyance.

Beckwith Bell Destroyed.

A sum of \$6,572 is required for repairs to the "Beckwith Bell." Provision was made in the estimates for \$17,000. During the typhoon which struck the Colony on the 20th August, the "Beckwith Bell" with the exception of the mechanism, striker, and cylinders, (which had been removed for overhaul) was totally destroyed. The Swedish Trading Company who erected the Bell in 1924 quoted \$555 for all necessary parts delivered insured in Hongkong.

The repair of the foundation and the erection of the bell will be undertaken by the P. W. D. A supplementary vote for \$6,572 (£655) is accordingly requested to meet this unforeseen outlay.

Typhoon Damage.

Towards typhoon and rainstorm damage repair work in New Kowloon, an additional amount of \$7,500 is sought. It is explained that provision made in the estimates amounted to \$30,000. The sum estimated to cover the making good of damage which occurred prior to the 20th August, 1927, is \$21,000, and the sum estimated to cover damage caused by the typhoon of the 20th August is \$16,500, a total of \$37,500. This leaves \$7,500 now required.

Road to Yau-mat Station.

A vote of \$1,200 as special expenditure on the road approach at Yau-mat railway station, is explained as follows: The approach road to Yau-mat railway station required repairing. No provision was made in the 1927 railway estimates for this work as it was anticipated that maintenance of this road would be carried out by the roads department of the P. W. D. As the road is now in a very bad state it is advisable to put the work in hand as soon as possible, and it is considered more correct to pay the cost from a railway vote. A supplementary vote for \$1,200—the estimated cost of the work—is therefore requested.

A Tennis Court Pledge.

Expenditure of \$2,000 is required on the laying of a tennis court and erection of walling on a piece of land at Robinson-Conduit Road. It is stated in explanation that under Clause 4 (c) of the conditions of surrender of the area from Inland Lot 947 required for the new Robinson-Conduit Road, the Government contracted to lay a new tennis court and erect the necessary walling in condition therewith. The lessee later verbally requested that the new tennis court be not proceeded with as he wished to retain the (Continued on Page 11.)

A DRAMATIC
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LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

TO-MORROW'S MEETING.

A meeting of the Legislative Council is to be held to-morrow afternoon, at which the following matters, among others will be dealt with:—

Hire Motor Cars.

The Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, will ask the following question:—
"Are the Government prepared to deal with motor cars plying for public hire in the public streets of the Colony by:

- (a) Fixing a scale of fares, or
- (b) Insisting that each motor car so plying carries with it a meter registering an approved scale of charges."

Fighting Malaria.

The Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton will also ask:—

"Have any of the appointments, referred to in the Honourable Colonial Secretary's Budget Speech of the 1st September, for the purpose of dealing with Malaria, yet been made?"

"If yes, have the officers commenced their duties?"

Tramway to Shaukiwan.

The Hon. Colonial Secretary will move the following resolution: "That whereas by the provisions of section 2 of the Tramway Ordinance, 1902, it is provided that subject to the approval of the Governor in Council after timely and adequate notification by public advertisement or otherwise of the intention of the Company referred to in the said Ordinance to apply for such approval, and after such approval has been confirmed by a resolution of the Legislative Council, the company may construct and maintain, subject to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and in accordance with plans previously deposited in the office of the Director of Public Works, all such lines, crossings, passing places, sidings, turntables and other works in addition to or as extensions of those particularly specified in and authorized by the said Ordinance as may be approved of by the Governor in Council, and may work and use the same:

"And Whereas, timely and adequate notification having been given by public advertisement of the intention of the company to apply for the approval of the Governor in Council to the construction and maintenance, in accordance with plans to be deposited in the office of the Director of Public Works, of a double tramway line, in place of the then existing single line on the sections of the tramway from Causeway Bay to Shaukiwan described in section 3 of the said Ordinance as sections Nos. 6 and 7 of the tramway, the company duly applied for the approval of the Governor in Council to the construction and maintenance of the said double lines:

"And Whereas the Governor in Council did on the 19th day of June, 1924, approve of the construction and maintenance of the said double line:

"Now it is hereby resolved that the approval of the Governor in Council so given as aforesaid is hereby confirmed."

THE WORLD'S CHESS
CHAMPIONSHIP.CAPABLANCA SUFFERS A
REVERSE.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 11.
After the ninth and tenth games between Capablanca and Alekhine in the world's chess championship series had been drawn, the eleventh was won by Alekhine, making two victories each.

The match will be decided by the player first winning six victories. The eleventh game lasted for 63 moves. Capablanca was forced to resign in view of an imminent checkmate. He seemed much affected by this reverse. The game extended over three sessions, and Capablanca after the second adjournment had studied the board for two hours.—*Reuter's American Service.*

THE ANGLO-SPANISH
CONFERENCE.DE RIVERA MAINTAINS
SECRECY.

London, Oct. 11.
Reuter is authoritatively informed that Primo De Rivera did not give any press interview attributed to him, verbal or written, on the conversations he had with Sir Austen Chamberlain, except for a general statement to the press at Palma early this month.—*Reuter.*

SHANGHAI ST.
ANDREW'S SOCIETY.SERIOUS DECREASE IN
MEMBERSHIP.

HEAVY CHARITY CALLS.

The annual general meeting of members of St. Andrew's Society was held at 5.30 yesterday evening at the offices of Messrs. Maitland & Co., Ltd.

The President of the Society, Mr. H. A. Macintyre, presided and was supported by the Vice-President, Mr. T. H. R. Shaw, and members of the committee.

The honorary secretary, Mr. J. G. Clay, read the notice convening the meeting and the President then rose and asked all to stand and observe a two minutes' silence, thus paying a tribute to deceased members. He said:—"We all express the deepest regret at the loss the society has sustained in the death of Mr. A. C. Campbell, who was President of the society during 1921-22. He was one of our most enthusiastic members and always had the Society's interests at heart. We all express no less regret at the passing of Mr. G. D. Coutts, Mr. W. S. Campbell, Mr. J. Douglas, Mr. J. Petrie, and Mr. D. T. Lamb, all of whom were keen supporters of the Society's activities."

The New President.

After the two minutes' period of silence had expired, the President said that he had the greatest pleasure in proposing that Dr. J. Elliot Murray be elected as President for the coming period.

Mr. Ronald G. McDonald seconded the proposal, which was carried unanimously and with acclamation.

Dr. Murray in returning thanks said:—"I cannot thank you sufficiently for the great honour you have bestowed upon me. I feel that I am not worthy to follow in the footsteps of Mr. Macintyre, and our thanks are due to him for the great work he has accomplished during his term of office. To our great regret, he was taken sick and, acting under his doctor's orders, had to go on leave. Fortunately, the fresh air of Scotland was able to restore him to health, and he returned to us better in body and mind. Mr. T. H. R. Shaw would be our president if he was not going on leave and we hope that, after his absence, we shall see more of him. I thank you all for the honour you have bestowed upon me. (loud applause)

On the proposal of Mr. T. H. R. Shaw, seconded by Mr. A. B. Lowson, Mr. J. F. Macgregor was unanimously elected Vice-President.

Income and Expenditure.

Mr. Macintyre addressed the members and said that the income and expenditure account showed a loss on the year's working of \$1,009.34 and that interest on the Society's reserve fund amounting to £15.53.70 had been added to the reserve. He regretted, and regarded the matter as one of the great concern, that the amount of subscriptions collected as at August 31, was only \$960, which was \$200 collected since amounted to \$1,160. It was the lowest total (Continued on Page 3.)

HOW MUCH DO YOU
KNOW?

TO-DAY'S QUESTIONS.

The following general knowledge paper has been taken from the *Daily Express*.

Answers, for those who need them, will be found on Page 14 of this issue.

1. What portions of the Continent of Africa comprise the Dominion known as the Union of South Africa?
2. What are the distinctions between the following possessions of the British Crown in the Continent of Africa namely:—(a) The Union of South Africa; (b) Southern Rhodesia; and (c) His Majesty's East African Dependencies?
3. Who were the early mariners who discovered the southern sea route to India via the Cape of Good Hope?
4. When was the first European settlement established at the Cape of Good Hope, and by whom?
5. What bearing did the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes in France have upon South African history in 1688?
6. When was the Cape of Good Hope finally ceded to Great Britain?
7. Can you name the chief (a) gold, (b) diamond, (c) sugar, (d) coal producing areas in South Africa?
8. What is the present European population of the Union of South Africa?
9. Who are the present (a) Governor-General and (b) Prime Minister of the Union of South Africa?
10. What are the meanings of (a) the veld, (b) the karoo, (c) naartjies?



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SHANGHAI POSTAL COMMISSIONER'S WEDDING.

Group taken after the wedding at Holy Trinity Cathedral last Wednesday week, of Mr. Charles Hope Shields, and Miss Gladys Eileen Wootton. A reception was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. R. Mein Austin, where the above photograph was taken.

**SHANGHAI ST.
ANDREW'S SOCIETY.**

(Continued from Page 7.)

for many years and there had been a serious drop in membership, which was only 642. Many members had left China and only 22 new members had joined during that period. A continuance of this state of affairs would mean that their reserve funds would soon disappear altogether. The Caledonian Ball was well supported and had resulted in a surplus of \$1,200 for the charity fund, and they were grateful to Ewo for their gift of \$518.53. (appliance). Notwithstanding this, however, they had an excess of expenditure over income of \$1,009.34. "This is a most unsatisfactory state of affairs," continued Mr. Macintyre. "We should be on the other side and should guard our nest-egg. We must increase our membership, but an increase in the amount of the subscription, I should strongly oppose. Our membership is much less than St. George's Society and it is all the more distressing when we consider that there are at least 300 Scotsmen who should be roped in. The subscription is only \$2 and I think that possibly the small amount required for membership is responsible for the lack of enthusiasm. They forget about it and it is up to the existing members to jog their memory. If you see a man, take his \$2 and send it in as I do. Members should make an effort to enrol others."

It was to be regretted that there had been no Burns Concert this year but the committee could not get the talent together in spite of the loud talking at the last annual general meeting. The golf match with St. George's Society had on two occasions to be abandoned, but with Dr. Elliot Murray they would perhaps be able to report at the next meeting that both matches had been won. The committee had supported a suggestion made by a member that six claymores be presented to the officers of the Shanghai Scottish, S. V. C. and the balance of some \$100 still required would no doubt be forthcoming. Col. Gordon had, therefore, been requested to obtain the claymores which would be suitably engraved.

The Annual Celebration.

On the proposal of the President, seconded by Mr. W. Alston Turnbull, the report and accounts were adopted by a unanimous vote. The next question to decide, said Mr. Macintyre, was what form of annual celebration should take place on St. Andrew's Day and on the proposal of W. M. MacLennan, seconded by Mr. A. S. Malcolm, it was resolved to hold a ball.

The following members were elected by ballot to serve on the committee for the ensuing year:—Messrs. C. M. Bain, David Hall, George Hogg, A. B. Lowson, James Macbeth, Ronald G. McDonald, H. A. Macintyre, Dr. H. Couper Patrick, C. W. Porter, C. H. Rutherford, T. H. R. Shaw and A. B. Stewart, together with the President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer.

Pictures showing in the Colony's three principal cinemas for the last time to-day are "Flower of Night" at the Queen's Theatre, with Pola Negri; "Jazzmania," at the Star Theatre, with Mae Murray, Rod La Rocque and Robert Frazer; and "The Country Kid" at the World Theatre with Wesley Barry. "The Country Kid" is being screened at the 5.15 and 9.20 performances only, the picture at the 2.30 and 7.15 performances being the Chinese drama "Man Lee Chum."

**CHINAWARE OF
TO-DAY.****PORCELAIN MANUFACTURING
AT NINGTEH.**

The most important porcelain manufacturing centre in Fukien province is Tehwa in which is sometimes called the Kintehchen of Fukien. Next in importance to Tehwa is Ningteh where over 20 porcelain manufacturers are operating with a total yearly output valued at over a million dollars. The artisans engaged in the porcelain making trade at Ningteh may be divided into three classes: biscuit makers, biscuit burners and painters, the last named class consisting chiefly of women.

The porcelain clay is produced at Ningteh and Kutien. The clay, after being quarried, is tempered with water, pugged to a high degree of consistency, and then shaped in stick form and cut into pieces, each piece containing enough material for making a bowl or "plate." The porcelain "biscuits" are shaped by hand and trimmed with wooden edged knives. The finished "biscuits" are placed in rows under sunshine for drying. After being partly dried, the "biscuits" are removed into saggars for firing. Each sagger is large enough for two "biscuits" placed upon each other. It is covered with a lid to protect the contents from smoke and the direct action of the fire. As the "biscuits" are placed upon each other, the piece at the bottom is always marked after firing by a groove or depression caused by the pressure of the upper one, while the latter is quite free from such defect. After firing for about three days, the "biscuits" are taken out from the saggars, coated with a glazing slurry and returned to the saggars for another day's firing. The wares are then ready for the market.

The bulk of Ningteh porcelain ware is exported to Ningpo, Chekiang province, and Shantung ports by a class of junks which ply between the coastal ports of Fukien, Chekiang and Shantung provinces. Certain quantities are also consumed in Foochow, and neighbouring towns. The Ningteh product is inferior to Tehwa ware in several respects. It lacks the lustrous tone because the glazing slurry is not so good as that used by the Tehwa manufacturers. The ware, after being fired, often warps out of shape, due mainly to the unsatisfactory working of the kilns. The porcelain is often rough and sometimes marred by dark spots caused by the presence of impurities in the clay. It is mainly because of these defects that Ningteh ware can hardly compete with the manufacture of Tehwa in Foochow, but it always finds a ready market elsewhere on account of its cheapness. Ningteh porcelain manufacturers dispose of their manufactures by the *lien* each of which contains 40 pieces. The wholesale price for every 100 *lien* varies from \$70 to \$100 according to quality and size.—Chinese Economic Bulletin.

**SERIOUS FIGHTING ON
FRONTIER.****NORTH-WESTERN INDIAN
TRIBES.**

Calcutta, Sept. 10.

The fighting between the Sunnis and Shiahs tribes at Kalaya on September 4 appears to have been on a serious scale. A tribe of Orakzai and Sunnis had the assistance of Afridis and Lashkars numbering 20,000. The

**SOME COMING WORLD
WONDERS.****CLOTHES OF STEEL & LIGHT
THAT BURNS IN WATER****PHONES AT SEA BOTTOM.**

Ladies' clothes made of steel yet soft as muslin.

Talking by mechanical vibration. Going down to the sea in diving suits which contain sufficient air and oxygen for two hours.

Cooking fish at a depth of 200 feet by a naked flame which defies the water—these are just a few of the possibilities of the future, judging by the marvellous mechanical progress in Great Britain as reflected in the Shipping, Engineering, and Mechanical Exhibition which has opened at Olympia, London.

The exhibits range from giant generating plants to wire one-fifth of the thickness of human hair. In the light this wire is almost invisible yet it will stand a pressure of about 8 ounces. At present it is used for filtering dyes and ladies' face powder.

Does the man in the street realise (writes a Central News correspondent) that a face powder which his wife dabs on her countenance is the finest powder in the world? If a quantity of powder is blown particles will remain suspended in the air for two days. You can visualise the quantity that permeates the air in some offices!

But let us get back to this marvellous thin wire. You have fifty yards of the wire in your hand. I was told. At first it seemed a joke, but the truth dawned when the wire was held in a certain light and was then visible. I was informed that it could be woven into cloth resembling muslin, but ladies need not predict silk steel dresses for the moment. The cost would be prohibitive.

Something New for Divers. At another corner of the exhibition a number of divers will daily enter an eleven foot deep tank in self-contained suits which contain sufficient air for two hours.

There will be no need of any air-pumping apparatus. By pressing a switch the naked light defying the water will be produced, and will cut steel or iron with the same ease as on land.

If the diver wants to know the winner of the 3.30 race he simply depresses his chin against the helmet and thus rings up the people on land. The telephone wire is carried in what is known as the guiding rope.

Should he want to know another diver's fancy for the greyhound races, he just asks to be switched through to him and this is done by means of an exchange on land.

In addition, the same firm exhibit a self-contained breathing apparatus which can be used in gas-filled mines and during fires. It is a protection against the strongest poison gas known.

Shiahs, hopelessly out-numbered, put up a gallant fight from the towers and trenches, and their casualties were only 100, but they lost all their lands, houses, women and children, which passed into the hands of the Afridis. The Afridis suffered terrible casualties and dead alone totalling 500. There is a possibility of a counter-attack, and tribesmen have appealed to the British political authorities. The question whether action would be advisable is under consideration. A grave feature of the fighting is that the trouble may spread to the tribal inhabitants of the administered districts.

**CURED OF FEAR BY
HYPNOTISM.****A TUTANKHAMEN ECHO.**

Queen stories of the vagaries and complexities of the human mind were told at the British Association by Dr. William Brown, president of the Psychological Section, in an address on mental unity and dissociation.

He told of a man who was in Egypt at the time of the opening of Tutankhamen's tomb. The man was deeply impressed by the circumstances of Lord Carnarvon's death. He returned to his business in the Midlands and found that all letters bearing the Egyptian stamp had apparently disappeared. He was afraid that he had destroyed them.

By reconstructing his memories of the horror experienced at Lord Carnarvon's death it became possible to associate this with the disappearance of the letters. What happened was that the man had refused, after seeing the Egyptian stamp, to open the letters, had taken them home, and placed them behind a bookcase unconsciously.

Dr. Brown explained how he himself used to wake during the night with the fear of death imminent upon him. By reconstructing memories he realised that it was due to having to bury a dear friend during the war. This was of psychological value as it showed that it was not necessary for the patient always to use the physician as a prop on which to lean when beset by psychological fears.

Nameless Terror.

Dr. Brown, speaking of the effects of hypnotism, related the case of a man of education who had for some years suffered from obsessive fear, the origin of which he could not fathom.

After reading about the method used in treating shell-shock patients, he thought he would try to cure himself by a similar method.

He endeavoured to recall earlier memories of his past life, using the method of concentration, and to all intents and purposes producing a light degree of self-hypnosis. At length he seemed to get this memory. It was half a memory—half a waking vision. He seemed to be in a sort of native compound in India, experiencing intense heat, and to see a black goat lying on the ground wounded.

He felt intense terror, which grew and grew "like a bubble," and at last burst.

All at once the fear began to subside, and eventually disappeared. He remained free of it afterwards.

Dr. Brown also described how shell-shock was cured on the battlefields in France by hypnosis.

Under light hypnosis the lost memories could be immediately restored.

I soon discovered, added the doctor, that if I recalled at the same time that terrifying emotion that had originally belonged to these experiences, there was a tendency for the accompanying hysterical symptoms—deafness, mutism, tremors, paralysis, etc.—to disappear spontaneously without the necessity of giving explicit suggestions to this end.

The more complete I made the working off of the emotion the more complete was the recovery.

Dr. Zimmermann, a former Commissioner of the League of Nations, has been requested by the British and Mexican Governments to preside over a mixed committee to be set up for the purpose of fixing compensation for British subjects whose property was destroyed during the revolt in Mexico between November, 1919, and May, 1920.

**OUR FOOTBALL
COMPETITION.**

PRIZE OF \$50 WEEKLY.

The "Hongkong Telegraph" offers a prize of \$50 to the readers who send in twelve correct forecasts of the results of the English and Scottish Football League matches (to be played on Saturday next, October 15th) set out in the Coupon below. No goal scores are required; only forecasts showing wins or draws.

In the event of no reader forecasting all twelve matches, a prize of \$25 will be given to the reader who sends in the greatest number of correct forecasts; and in the event of two or more readers sending in an equal high number, the prize of \$25 will be divided.

The competition is in accordance with the rules published in the *Telegraph* during the weeks August 29—September 24.

**"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH"
FORECAST COMPETITION.**

Matches to be played on October 15th:—

DIVISION I.			
Bury	v	West Ham	
Liverpool	v	Everton	
Tottenham	v	Blackburn	
DIVISION II.			
Preston	v	Manch. City	
Southampton	v	Chelsea	
DIVISION III. (SOUTH.)			
Torquay	v	Brentford	
Watford	v	Plymouth	
DIVISION III. (NORTH.)			
Wigan	v	Halifax	
Wrexham	v	Rotherham	
SCOTTISH LEAGUE.			
Dundee	v	Aberdeen	
Falkirk	v	Airdrie	
Rangers	v	Celtic	

Name

Address

No. 7. Date

Mark your envelopes "Football" on the front and write your name (without address) on the back of the envelope.

Strike out the teams which you think will lose, but make no marks in respect of matches which you think will be drawn.

All claims must reach this office not later than Wednesday following the date on which the matches are played. No prize will be awarded for which a claim has not been made.

Before sending in your coupons, copy the list of your forecasts. Compare this later with the published results of the matches and if you find that you have eight or more correct send in a claim for the prize.

ASSAULT ON A PRIEST.**REMARKABLE FIGHT WITH
TWO MEN.**

At Ross (Hereford) police court the other day, James Cawthorn, of Howle Hill, Walford, and Frank Malsom, of Ruardean, were charged with assaulting and beating Father Jeremiah McCarthy, of the Presbytery, Ross, on the night of Saturday, July 30.

Mr. K. S. Wehrle, solicitor, said after being struck first, Father McCarthy, in spite of his sixty-two years, defended himself. His service in the South African War and the Great War as a chaplain stood him in good stead, and, launching a stern blow, he sent Cawthorn to the ground. This brought Malsom in, Cawthorn having shouted, "Frank, I can't stick this." Malsom rushed at the priest like a mad bull, continued the fight, and the priest had to put up further self-defence, but he was struck over the heart by Malsom, and also received a dislocated thumb, bruised head and face, injured ribs, and suffered extreme shock.

The assault arose through Father McCarthy remonstrating with the men, who it was said, were half drunk.

Father McCarthy said he would be satisfied if the men were bound over to keep the peace and pay expenses, but the Bench said the case was so serious that they would go to prison for one month's hard labour without the option of a fine.

THE BANK OF CHINA.

SPECIALLY AUTHORIZED BY PRESIDENTIAL MANDATE OF THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA ON THE 22ND OF NOVEMBER, 1917.

Authorized Capital \$40,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital \$12,278,800.00
Reserve Funds \$ 8,525,416.84

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The National Provincial and Union Bank of England Limited.

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

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Special facilities for Home Exchange

SHOU J. CHEN,
Manager.

THE HO HONG BANK, LTD.

(Established 1917.)
CAPITAL.

Authorized Capital \$20,000,000
Issued \$ 9,000,000
Paid-Up \$ 4,900,000

Reserve Liabilities of shareholders \$ 4,000,000
Surplus \$ 1,846,000


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Branches and Correspondents in all the principal cities of the world.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

HO LEUNG HOE,
Manager.

THE IDEAL HAIR TONIC



Crinovin Hair Tonic

To remove dandruff and to prevent falling of the hair the frequent use of this preparation serves to keep the scalp in a healthy condition, valuable in preserving the natural beauty and colour of the hair and stimulating its growth.

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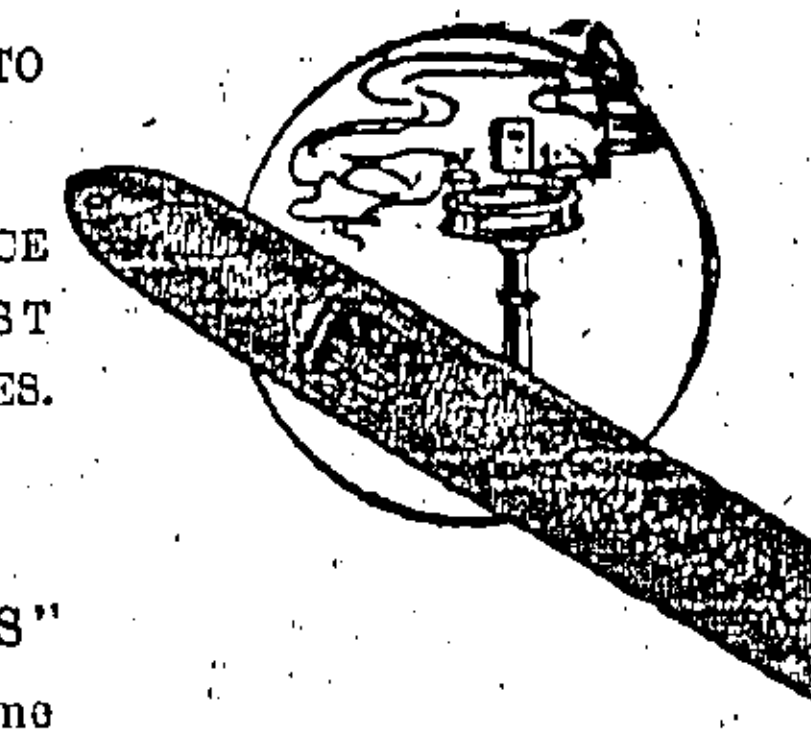
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HONGKONG.



G. E. C. FANS

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The G. E. C. Your Guarantee

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC (of China) Co., Ltd.
Queen's Building, Hongkong



RESONANT CARDIOGRAPH.

SIR JAGADIS BOSE RETURNS TO INDIA.

Bombay, Sept. 23.
Sir Jagadis Bose returned by the mail steamer this morning.
The latest tour of the great Indian scientist has been devoted mainly to demonstrations of his latest invention, called the resonant cardiograph, whereby he is able to prove medical properties hitherto unsuspected in thousands of Indian plants.
His latest book, "Plant Autographs and Their Revelations," was received with even greater enthusiasm in the Western scientific world than his previous works, and it will be translated into French and German.

BOUND FOR MANILA.

LOCAL SPORTSMEN TO LEAVE TO-DAY.

The local sportsmen who leave by the Empress of Russia to-day to play in a series of games in Manila include H. J. Armstrong, A. C. Howell, A. Keene, J. W. King, Lieut. R. F. Wright, R. A. A. W. Hay Smith, A. E. Pritchard, G. W. Sewell, W. K. Tait, Lieut. J. B. H. Kealey, Lieut. R. S. D. Armour, R. N. A. R. Cox, L. M. S. Lloyd and Lieut. C. A. Trencham, R. N.
No definite programme has been drawn up but the sportsmen have been warned to take equipment for cricket, hockey, rugby, soccer, tennis, golf and rowing. They will stay in Manila for about ten days.

SALE OF WORK.

TO BE HELD TO-MORROW AT FRENCH CONVENT.

The annual sale of work will be opened at the French Convent, Causeway Bay, to-morrow, at 10 a.m. by Mrs. Southorn.

This sale is always well patronized each year on account of the fine display of wonderful embroidery, work, and linen and woollen articles for personal wear and household use. This year a special effort is being made to make the sale even more attractive than usual, as the second Centenary of the Missionary Work of the Order in various parts of the world is being celebrated this year.

The proceeds of the sale will go towards the support of the large number of orphans and incurables maintained by the Institution, therefore all patronising the sale will be assisting a most deserving work of charity.

In addition to the sale of work there will be many other attractions such as raffles, games, a Cinema show at 6 p.m. and a dancing display by the pupils. For the children there will be a fine assortment of toys on offer, and gentlemen will be able to participate in a raffle for one of Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co's hampers and their prizes.

OUR DAILY TALK ON HEALTH.

ULTRA-VIOLET RAY CALLS FOR CAUTION.

CARELESSNESS HARMFUL.

The human being tends to indulge in extremes, perhaps on the hypothesis that if a little of something is valuable a great deal may be much more valuable.

One of the possible dangers of the advice to indulge in sunlight may be an over-exposure to sunlight or to the artificial ultra-violet rays resulting in more harm than good.

It has been known for years that prolonged exposure to the violet and ultra-violet rays of the sun, to natural or artificial rays, may cause not only disturbances of the whole body, but also inflammations and serious changes in the skin. It is an other aphorism in medicine that every potent remedy is a two-edged sword with possibilities of harm as well as good.

Sensitive Skin.

It is well known that some people are unduly sensitive to sunlight; the skin burns easier and freckles easier than in the case of other persons. Some people respond promptly to sunlight with blistering of the skin. Blondes usually burn far more easily than do brunettes.

The most serious reactions take place in babies whose skin is thin and who may be unusually sensitive. A case is cited of a boy, aged 8 years, who had a severe eruption of the skin every time he was exposed to ultra-violet rays. This had occurred every summer for four years.

There are other cases in which the reaction involves changes in the blood which may be even more serious than those that appear on the skin.

Test is Recommended.

Infants should be tested, first with small doses of sunlight or the artificial ultra-violet ray to determine whether or not they are especially sensitive before they are treated with large doses. If they respond with serious reactions, they can be treated accordingly.

Whenever a new method is brought into the practice of medicine, the quacks seize upon it and exploit it without consideration of its dangers. They were among the first to advertise themselves as especially competent in the treatment of disease with light. Their ignorance of dangerous reactions in the human body is likely to result in harm from overdosage of what properly used may be valuable remedy.

SALESMANSHIP AS AN ART.

INSTRUCTIONAL SCHEME OF THE L.C.C.

Excellent work is being done in the field of industrial education by the London County Council, whose latest scheme provides for the training of boys for the outfitting trades.

Instead of turning out mere "robots," the practical training to be provided by the L.C.C. will attempt to produce salesmen with an intelligent and complete knowledge of their business, able to anticipate the need which most customers have some difficulty in expressing.

The training is to be given at the Westminster Day Continuation School in Retail Distribution, at Horseferry-road, S.W., in conjunction with the National Association of Outfitters. Ambitious boys who have had a good general education are wanted. Students will be elected by the National Association, but they will have to pass a general knowledge test.

The subjects which will be taught in this course include salesmanship, the value of colour and design, the history of commerce, arithmetic and accounts, hygiene, and, not least, the King's English. All the mysteries of spinning and weaving, of bleaching and dyeing, will be demonstrated.

Every boy before he leaves the school will know something of the past-history of every article to be found in an outfitter's shop. He will have explored with the aid of the microscope the mysteries of fabrics, and he will understand how collars and gloves are cut.

The prospects of this excellently trained young man are pleasant to contemplate. It is pointed out to him that he may in good time become a buyer, or a manager of a branch shop, "with an income ranging from £250 to £500," and that before he is forty.

There are often opportunities for buyers and managers to become partners in a business, or to set up in business for themselves. The earnings of a salesman vary between £3 10s. and £5 a week.

One of the most satisfactory things about this new course, from the point of view of parents, is that every boy who works well is assured of a position with a reputable firm. The course, which lasts from six to nine months, is free to residents in the County of London.



THERE is no worry or anxiety in rearing Baby healthfully and happily, even in a tropical climate, when Glaxo is used as Baby's food.

Glaxo is the food that has been used to rear the children in five Royal Nurseries. Court Physicians see that Royal Babies have the best and most nourishing food—that is why Glaxo has been chosen.

Give your Baby Glaxo, and watch the difference after a few days; see how restfully he sleeps, how contented he is and how steadily he increases in weight. Ask your Doctor!

Glaxo

The Vitamin Milk-Food

"Builds Bonnie Babies"

Sole Agents:—
W. R. LOXLEY & Co.

Preserve and decorate the Woodwork of your House with

TIMBORITE

WOOD PRESERVATIVE AND STAIN COMBINED

IN THREE SHADES OF BROWN AND THREE SHADES OF GREEN

STOPS Dry Rot, Decay and Destruction by White Ant

Tint Cards and Information from Agents:
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ORIGINAL

PLYMOUTH GIN

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.

LOCAL PHOTOGRAPHS

ALBUM OF 40 VIEWS—\$3.00
POST CARDS 75 CENTS PER DOZEN.
BEST SELECTION IN HONGKONG.

MEE CHEUNG.
Studio, Ice House St. Branch 7, Beaconsfield Arcade.

Destroy Household Insects— they carry disease!

INSECTS are man's enemies. Do not sit idly by and allow insects to bring diseases into your home—to poison your body and contaminate the food you eat. Insects are laden with disease and filled with danger. Insects harass and annoy humanity. Destroy them. Make your home safer and happier for yourself and family.

Flit spray clears the house in a few minutes of disease bearing flies, mosquitos, bed bugs, cockroaches, ants, moths, fleas and silverfish. It searches out the cracks where insects hide and breed, destroying their eggs. Flit spray kills moths and their larvae which eat holes. Extensive tests showed that Flit spray did not stain the most delicate fabrics. Flit is clean and easy to use, death to insects but harmless to mankind. It is economy to use Flit and avoid disease. For sale everywhere.

Sole Agents for China: **MUSTARD & Co., Ltd.**
INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES ORDINANCES OF HONGKONG.

FLIT

DESTROYS
Flies-Mosquitos-Moths-Ants-Bed Bugs-Fleas-Roaches
Many Other Household Insects and Their Eggs

Manufactured by: **STANDARD OIL CO. (New Jersey)**



THE ROUND-UP OF THE "REDS."

MEN MAY BE SENT TO CANTON.

Although only recently extended, the detention cells at the Central Police Station yesterday were taxed to their utmost capacity when accommodation had to be found for more than a hundred Chinese, whose presence in the Colony was as unexpected as it was undesired. They were the men who, earlier the same day, landed at Shaikwan from a junk and wandering about on shore, attracting the attention of the local police. One by one they were rounded up, until 114 were taken custody and kept under lock and key while the problem of their disposal was considered by the police.

It appears from statements made by the men, that they were part of the "Red" force of Ho Lung and Yip Ting, recently operating in the Swatow district. Following the routing of a detachment to which they were affiliated, these men escaped out to sea in a junk, and were blown by last week's typhoon into the vicinity of this Colony. Suffering considerable hardships, they were a miserable-looking lot who landed from the junk at Shaikwan yesterday morning, and later attracted official attention by pestering for alms from the citizens of Shaikwan. Only one man was discovered to be armed. He had a revolver and several rounds of ammunition. Otherwise, they were an accommodating crowd. What they possessed of the martial spirit had left them.

Enquiring this morning, a Telegraph reporter was informed that it may be found convenient to repatriate the whole lot to Canton, where their future appears problematical.

Continuing the search last night, the police took two more of these "Reds" into custody, bringing the number now in police hands to 116.

AN UNPAID FOR DINNER.

HOTEL CLAIM DISMISSED.

A dinner at a Chinese hotel in 1925 had its sequel at the Summary Court this morning when Lo Kwok-man, the liquidator of the Ching Tin Hotel Co. (in voluntary liquidation) sued Bodieker and Co. for the sum of \$242.91 and costs, being balance due on refreshments supplied.

Mr. D. McCallum appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. F. G. Vaux for the defendant firm.

Mr. McCallum mentioned a difficulty in connexion with the serving of the writ as the defendants carried on more than one business. He asked leave to include both the firm and the limited liability company on the writ, submitting that the present company was responsible for the limited company on the register.

After some discussion Mr. Vaux agreed to this course, N.E. Carl Bodieker & Co. being included on the writ.

Evidence was called by the plaintiff that in 1925 two Europeans and a Chinese ordered a dinner for 134 people. A verbal contract was made through the Chinese and in due course an account for \$692.91 was rendered. Sums had been paid on account, leaving a balance of \$242.91.

After hearing the plaintiff's evidence, His Lordship, Mr. P. J. Jacks, said it seemed that the Chinese who went with the two Europeans appeared to be responsible. The defence said that the complainant of the firm at that time arranged the dinner.

Giving judgment for the defendants, Mr. Jacks said the plaintiff had not proved any contract with either of the defendants.

ALLEGED FALSE PRETENCES.

MONEY FOR A FAVOUR.

Mr. Hin Shing-lo defended a Chinese who was charged, before Major C. Willson, this morning, with obtaining money by false pretences.

It is alleged that the defendant obtained the sum of \$180 from another Chinese by representing himself as being in a position to "pull the strings" at the Mexican Consulate.

The hearing was adjourned until Friday afternoon, bail of \$500 in cash being allowed.

Mr. F. H. Loseby prosecuted.

EUROPE'S LARGEST CINEMA.

OPENED IN GLASGOW.

Now that the Playhouse Cinema has been opened Glasgow is able to boast the largest cinema in Europe.

It is, indeed, a most wonderful structure. Built of reinforced concrete on foundations which go down 27 feet below street level, the building is eight storeys high and can accommodate some 10,000 people.

The picture hall itself will hold 5,000, the dance hall 2,000, whilst there is a tea-room, offices, and a huge waiting room which forms part of the building and holds about 3,000.

The whole of the work has been carried out by direct labour recruited from the Glasgow district—and the labour bill has been no small sum when it is considered that over 16,000 tons of concrete have had to be mixed and placed, to cite but one item.

For four years 45 Glasgow firms have been helping in the making of this place of entertainment, and the result is undoubtedly a great success.

CHANNEL SWIM.

ANOTHER WOMAN SUCCEEDS IN CROSSING.

London, Oct. 11. Another English woman has swum the Channel, Miss Mona MacLennan who is a Harley Street doctor. She landed at Folkestone at 8.50 in the morning, having started from Cape Grisnez at 7.40 yesterday evening. The announcement of her success was the first intimation to the public that she was making the attempt.

Reuter.

BIAS BAY PIRACIES PROTEST.

(Continued from Page 1.)

His Excellency desires me therefore to enquire of the Canton authorities if they are now prepared to accept the friendly co-operation of the Hongkong Government in a combined operation which will once and for all root out this gang whose depredations are even more damaging to Chinese than to foreign interests.

As the matter is of urgent importance I shall be grateful for a reply at your earliest convenience. I have, &c.,

(Sd.) J. F. BREMAN, Acting Consul-General.

III.—Letter of 29th July 1927, from Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Canton, to His Majesty's Consul-General, Canton.

Sir—I have the honour to acknowledge your letter of the 25th July in regard to the Norwegian steamer "Solvik" being pirated which I passed on to the Military Authorities to attend to. A reply has been received stating that the brigands boarded the vessel at Hongkong, Bias Bay being used for unshipping the booty. This will be seen to be sufficient proof that the pirates have an organisation in Hongkong.

On 28th May I wrote requesting you to move the Governor of Hongkong at once to abolish local pirate dens as a radical way of settling the matter, but I do not know whether or not this action has been taken.

With regard to exterminating the Bias Bay pirates this Ministry has already decided on a plan which it is at the present moment anxious to carry out so that this matter need cause you no anxiety. It is requested that you will inform the Governor of Hongkong of the above.

(Sd.) Wu Ch'ao Shu, Minister for Foreign Affairs.

diplomats rather than for a law court.

The ruling, it is needless to add, caused immediate depression in business circles, but their drooping spirits have been revived by the announcement made by Mr. Edwin S. Cunningham, Consul-General for the United States, to the effect that the Department of State at Washington had taken a stand on the liquor and tobacco super-taxes imposed by the Nationalist Government. By this ruling of the State Department, American merchants may now obtain release of cargo held by warehousemen of the same nationality upon payment only of the duties imposed by the treaties, and that, contrary to a previous ruling, the Consulate-General may be used as a depository for Customs revenues based on the scale sanctioned by the treaties.

This is unquestionably a signal victory for American business in the Far East which was really beginning to worry if anything would ever be done about the matter. The State Department's action brings America into line with Great Britain, France, Japan and other Treaty Powers and is certain to discourage trifling with foreign treaty rights.

MORE MONEY.

(Continued from Page 7.)

area for the erection of garages. He is now unable to proceed with this scheme and wishes the tennis court laid. As the vote for the work is closed, authority for the expenditure is necessary. The above is to be met from savings.

Police Pier Damage.

Typhoon and rainstorm damage figures also in another estimate for Kowloon, comprising the sum of \$28,500. The explanation is that provision made in the estimates was \$10,000, and provision made by supplementary vote was \$64,000, a total of \$74,000.

The provision to date only covers the estimated cost of the damage done prior to the 20th August last. The estimate for reinstatement of damage occurring prior to the 20th August last (including \$15,000 for damage to the Police Pier) is \$74,000; while the estimate for reinstatement of damages in Kowloon due to the typhoon of 20th August is \$28,500, totalling \$102,500. As the sum provided in the 1927 estimates was \$10,000, and the sum provided by supplementary vote (which only covered the balance required for reinstating damage prior to the 20th August last) was \$64,000, the total provision to date being \$74,000, the sum now required is \$28,500.

A School Garden.

In asking for \$250 for the provision of soil for a garden at Quarry Bay School, it is pointed out that provision made in the estimates was \$6,000, and sufficient funds are not available to cover cartage and deposit of 2,000 c. ft. of black earth. The garden in the temporary premises formed part of the educational activity of the school and it is very desirable that this should be continued at the new school.

To postpone this for inclusion in the next estimates would mean the loss of the 1927-8 garden season, for which other preparations have been made e.g. seedlings, plants, &c.

The above vote is to be met from savings under equipment of schools.

RE-ELECTED.



Mr. Wm. Cosgrave, who has been re-elected President of the Dail.

RUBBER SHARES.

LATEST PRICES.

Messrs. Carroll Bros. have been advised of the following dividend and quotations on Rubber Shares:

Dividend.

Brunei United Plantations 5%

Quotations.

Allenbys	\$2.72
Glencaly	2.72
Jimbas	2.25
Kedahs	3.95
Malaka Pindas	2.10
Pajamas	2.20

At a Presbytery meeting in Aberdeen the Rev. J. K. Wilken suggested that their Clerk had been inconsiderate in calling overworked city ministers to a meeting at 11 o'clock on a Monday morning, when, after a hard Sunday's labours, they should all have been on the golf course. The Clerk said city ministers were to be envied in having time to spend at golf. He, as a rural minister, had no leisure time for such recreation.

SHANGHAI TOPICS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

and of the fitness of things is not the distinguishing characteristic of these well-meaning folks, who fail to release that they defeat their own object by the lack of good taste and of tact betrayed on occasion. Happily not all missionaries act in this manner.

A Question of Time.

This is not a pious prophesy about China settling down to an era of peace and progress, as the foregoing caption might indicate at first blush, but is suggested by the five bells that will have their repository in the Custom House clock tower that have just been successfully hoisted into position before a big throng of sightseers who had foregathered to witness the operation on the Bund.

The Customs clock tower may be a prosaic subject: scarcely a thrilling topic to write about, but for Shanghaianders, the event acquires a significance and importance which the neighbouring colony of Hongkong may not fully appreciate. For some time now—ever since the old Custom House building was demolished to make way for the stately pile situated adjacent to the massive Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—Shanghai has missed the familiar clock tower which had graced the old building, that had reminded one so much of old Tudor architecture. No longer could they have the satisfaction of setting their watches by the Customs clock. The only other clock available was that perched atop the Race Club, but it had acquired an unenviable reputation for vagaries, one local historian placing it on record that on a certain St. Andrew's Night, on his way home after the Caledonian Ball, the hour hand had been seen to be chasing the minute hand across the face of the dial round and round in a sort of non-stop race.

Jesting aside, the clock is an imposing affair befitting the handsome structure which it surmounts and is a credit to its makers in England. When installed, the new clock will be the Big Ben of the Far East and Shanghai will have something more in common with England's famous church towers. The chimes should soothe the croakers.

French Newspaper for Shanghai.

The hiatus caused in the local journalistic world by the recent suspension of the *Echo de Chine*, will soon be filled by the establishment of a new French daily newspaper sponsored by the well-known French news agency Havas, whose representative, M. Jean Fontenoy, who has been touring China for the past few months, has just returned to Shanghai to make necessary arrangements for the new paper, which is to be known as the *Journal de Shanghai*.

The announcement has been readily welcomed both by Frenchmen and other nationalities, as it is generally felt that the French Concession, no less than the International Settlement, is destined to play no mean role when the time comes for a recasting of Sino-foreign relations, as come it must when the turmoil and disorder attendant on civil strife will have subsided.

The French residents of Shanghai have felt very strongly on the matter of the suspension of the *Echo de Chine*, as it has left them without a vehicle for the expression of French thought and opinion on outstanding questions of the day. The anomaly has been all the more striking in view of the fact that the International Settlement already boasts four morning dailies, two evening papers and many number of weeklies and monthlies.

There is not a little mystery surrounding the suspension of the *Echo de Chine*, which has been the principal topic of discussion June 10. Mr. A. Vandelet, the editor of the defunct daily, not long ago told the writer that certain pressure had been brought to bear on the ownership by local consular officials to compel the proprietors to effect a change of policy, and the latter decided voluntarily to suspend publication since they considered that the paper had fulfilled its mission.

Americans And The Super-Tax.

The perturbation which had descended on the American business men in Shanghai as a result of the delay in securing official action by their Government in respect of the surtax has vanished, and joy has taken its place because they now know precisely where they stand. It will be recalled that in the suit filed by an American business house against the Robert Dollar Steamship Company in respect of a cargo of beer detained by the latter under Customs regulations, Mr. N. E. Lorton, Commissioner of the U. S. Court for China, delivered a decision to the effect that it had no jurisdiction in the case, holding the matter was one for

SHARE PRICES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1145 s.
Chartered Bank, \$204 n.
Mercantile A. & B., \$311 n.
Mercantile C., \$131 n.
P. and O., \$101 n.
East Asia, \$68 n.

Marine Ins.

Canton Ins., \$570 n.
China Underwriters, \$1.35 s.
North China, Tls. 143 n.
Union Ins., \$292 s.
Yangtze Ins., \$45 b.

Fire Ins.

Chira Fires, \$215 b.
H. K. Fire Ins., \$590 n.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$33 b.
H. K. Steamboats, \$21 s.
H. K. Tugs, \$2 s.
Indo-Chinas, (Prof.) \$30 n.
Shell Trans., 90/- n.
Star Farries, \$54 b.
Waterboats, \$17 n.

Refineries.

China Sugars, \$13 s.
Malabons, \$30 s.

Mining.

Benguet, \$1.65 n.
Kailans, 63/- s.
Langkats, Tls. 17 1/2 n.
S'hai Exploration, Tls. 3 n.
Shanghai Loans, Tls. 5 1/2 n.
Raubs, \$3.60 b.
Tronohs, 19/3 n.
Ural Caspians, 3/- n.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$116 s.
Whampoa Docks, \$35 n.
Hongkows, Tls. 145 b.
New Engineerings, Tls. 44 b.
Shanghai Docks, Tls. 92 b.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, 6/- n.
H. K. Lands, \$564 s.
Realty, \$8 n.
Territorials, \$14 s.
Humphreys, \$12 s.
Princes Bldgs, \$110 b.
Rural Lands, \$11 n.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, Tls. \$7.60 s.
Orientals, Tls. \$1.60 b.
S'hai Cottons, Tls. \$47 n.

Buses, Trams.

China Buses, Tls. 5 1/2 n.
Tramways, \$20.10 b.
Peak Trams, (old) \$14 s.
Singapore Trams, 12/6 n.
Taxis, \$1 n.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, \$194 n.
Canton Ices, \$5 n.
Cements (Comb.), \$7 s.
China Lights, \$12 n.
China Prov., \$4 n.
Constructions, \$12 n.
Dairy Farms, \$15.10 s.
Der A. Wing, \$6 n.
H'kong Electric, \$52 n.
Macao Electric, \$43 n.
Ropes (Old), \$10 n.
Lane Crawford, \$5 s.
Mackintosh, \$22 s.
Sinceres, \$4 n.
United Abestos, \$12 s.
Watsons, \$111 n.
Powells, \$5 s.
Telephone, 3.70 s.
B'que Indus.: G. S. Bonds, 52 b.



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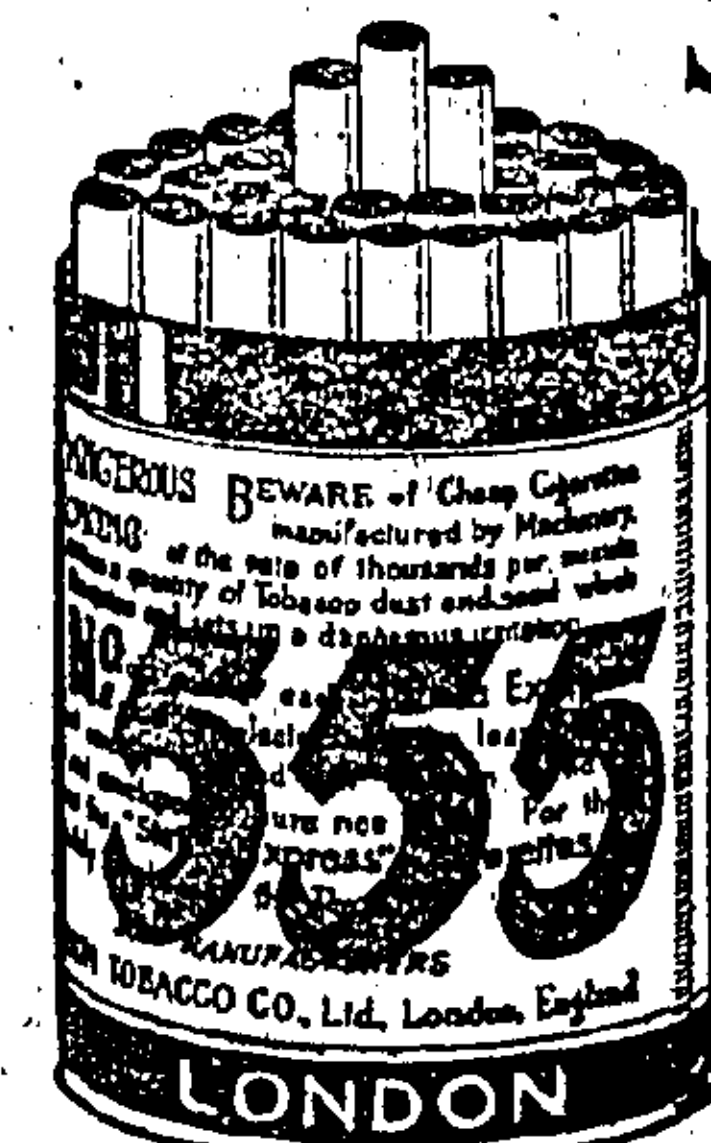
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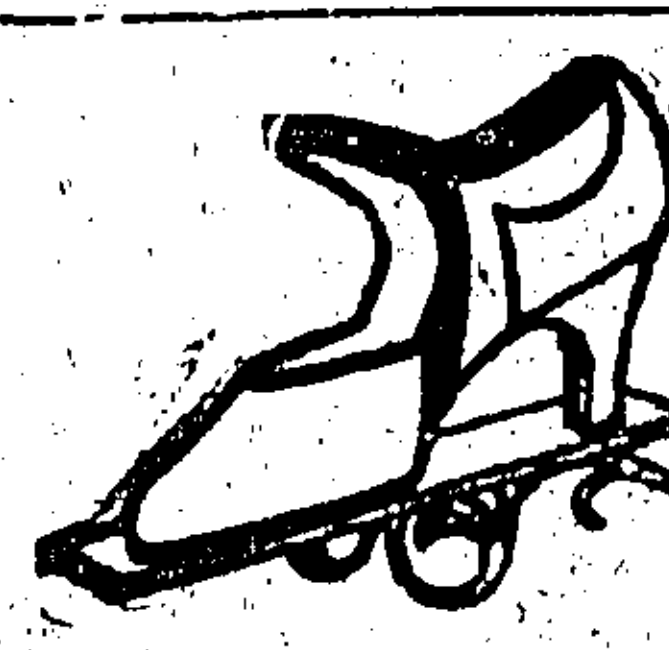
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EMPERESS OF ASIA	Nov. 16	Nov. 19	Nov. 22	Nov. 25	Dec. 4
EMPERESS OF CANADA	Dec. 7	Dec. 10	Dec. 13	Dec. 16	Dec. 25
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Jan. 4	Jan. 7	Jan. 10	Jan. 13	Jan. 22
EMPERESS OF ASIA	Jan. 25	Jan. 28	Jan. 31	Feb. 3	Feb. 12
EMPERESS OF CANADA	Feb. 15	Feb. 18	Feb. 21	Feb. 24	Mar. 4
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Mar. 7	Mar. 10	Mar. 13	Mar. 16	Mar. 25
EMPERESS OF ASIA	Mar. 28	Mar. 31	Apr. 3	Apr. 6	Apr. 15

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9.00 a.m. "LUNG SHAN" | 8.00 a.m. "SUI TAI"
3.00 p.m. "SUI TAI" | 4.00 p.m. "LUNG SHAN"
Sunday, 16th October (Macao Races)
9.00 a.m. "TAISHAN" | 5.00 p.m. "TAISHAN"

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TO TSINGTAI via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	Hangsang	Wed. 12th Oct at 7 a.m.
	Yatshing	Sun. 15th Oct at 7 a.m.
	Pooshing	Wed. 19th Oct at 7 a.m.
	Hopsang	Sun. 23rd Oct at 7 a.m.
	Cheongshing	Thurs. 20th Oct at 5 p.m.
TO TIENTSIN (Direct)	Kumsang	Satur. 15th Oct at 7 a.m.
TO OSAMA via AMOY, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, MOJI & KORE	Fooksang	Sun. 18th Oct at 7 a.m.
TO KORE via AMOY & MOJI	Kutsang	Sun. 23rd Oct at 7 a.m.
TO OSAMA AMOY, MOJI & KORE	Namsang	Thurs. 27th Oct at 7 a.m.
TO CANTON	Pooshing	Thurs. 13th Oct at 7 a.m.
TO STRAITS & CALCUTTA	Laisang	Wed. 12th Oct at 3 p.m.
	Hosang	Thurs. 20th Oct at 3 p.m.
TO SANDAKAN	Suisang	Wed. 12th Oct at noon.
	Mausang	Fri. 28th Oct at 3 p.m.

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M.S. "Afrika" 27th October.
M.S. "Malaya" 30th November.
S.S. "Kina" 15th December.

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A NEW CONTROL.

THE FUTURE OF CHINA UNDERWRITERS.

In connexion with the meeting of China Underwriters, Limited, which is to be held on November 21 for the purpose of considering proposed alterations in the Memorandum and Articles, a statement has been issued on the effects of the proposed changes. This is signed by members of the Consulting Committee and reads:

Briefly, the main objects of the alterations are as follows:

(1) To vest the executive control of the Company in a Board of Directors elected by the shareholders instead of in a Firm as General Managers.

(2) To reduce very considerably the scale of commissions payable to the Firm who at present act as General Managers and who will, after the passing of these articles, become General Agents acting under the Directors.

(3) To place a limit of 10 years on the period of the appointment of the Firm as General Agents so that at the end of 10 years their emoluments cease altogether and they then participate in the profits of the Company in substitution for drawing commission on income.

In the first place we may say that the very considerable concessions made by the firm of Shewan, Tomes & Co. by the alterations before you are purely voluntary, as the Company's present agreement with the Firm is a binding one apart from the Articles of Association, and could not be altered by the Shareholders without the consent of the Firm.

Unsuitable Control.

It may be said that when the Agreement and Articles were entered into it was not foreseen either by the General Managers or by the Shareholders that their terms might operate onerously on the Company and that the form of control was unsuitable to a Life Assurance Company, but when this was realised in the early days of the Company the General Managers offered to modify their rights so as not to hamper the Company's progress, and an expert opinion was taken in London on the subject as long ago as May 1924.

It was thought inadvisable to make any drastic change until the Company had developed somewhat further but in the meantime the General Managers agreed to accept half the amount due to them under their agreement and in fact have received far less than they would have drawn as profits from their valuable Insurance Department, which was turned over to the Company and which enabled the Company to be formed.

With regard to (1) the new Articles provide for the election of a Board of Directors and it is proposed that the present Consulting Committee shall form the first Board with the usual provisions for retiring in rotation at General Meetings.

The Consulting Committee feel that in shouldering the greater responsibility as Directors they

should have, under the Articles, the right to have always a technical Insurance Expert as Manager of the Company, directly acting under their instructions, responsible to them, and appointed by them on a short term agreement not exceeding five years.

Reducing Commissions.

It is provided that the General Agents and the Manager act jointly under the instructions of the Board. This arrangement makes for effective control and also for continuity, which is very desirable from the Company's point of view. It is proposed that the present Manager be re-appointed by the Directors.

With regard to (2) this was gone into very carefully by the Consulting Committee under the advice of the Company's Manager and Actuary with a view to ensuring that the commissions should not embarrass the Company or restrict its future operations.

The General Agents undertake, during the term of the agreement, to place their own business with the Company and to introduce as much other business as possible, and the commissions payable thereon have been reduced considerably as compared with the old agreement and are a great deal lower than the business would command in the open market.

The commissions on the General Business of the Company (other than that introduced by the Firm) as well as those on the Life Business, have been very drastically reduced and in fact terminate altogether at the end of 10 years.

A Share in Profits.

In view of the fact that the Firm took the responsibility for the flotation of the Company and gave up all its Insurance business and connections to the Company it is proposed that when these commissions cease they shall take a substantial interest in the profits of the Company, thereby sharing as they obviously should in its success.

In other words their interest becomes dependent on the success of the Company as a profit-earning concern rather than on its income. If the Company does not make a profit they get nothing.

The amount of this interest is, of course, not a matter which affects the Policyholders' security or the Company's financial position and is a question of the distribution of profits between the shareholders and the Firm. In order in all the circumstances to arrive at a fair basis the matter was referred to Mr. FLEMING, Chartered Accountant, of Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, who suggested that it would be fair and reasonable, in view of their interest and in view of the very great concessions they have made, that the Firm shall be entitled to one sixth of the total profits, divisible among shareholders and we are in agreement with this.

Strengthening Foundation.

Among the other alterations is the introduction of clause 117 (b) which is a usual clause in the Articles of Association of a Life Assurance Company. The participating policyholders contribute a

POLICE RESERVE.

ORDERS BY THE CAPTAIN SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE.

Commendation.—Constable R. 67 Chow Ching Chiu is commended by the C.S.P. for intelligent action on the 21st September in connexion with a case of suspected kidnapping, which resulted in two girls being restored to their parents.

Motor Cyclist Section (Flying Squad). Training.—The following members of the Flying Squad have been passed out as efficient in Part 1, and will commence Part 2 of Training Course on Tuesday, 18th October:

L. Sergts. R.301 Choa Hing Ki, R.310 P. O. Peuster.

Constables R.304 A. B. Hanson, R.309 R. Young, R.330 J. Kotwall, R.335 H. A. Wittenbach.

All other members of the Flying Squad will parade in full at the Central Police Station on Wednesday, October 12, at 5.15 p.m. sharp, for Squad Drill under Sergt. R. J. Hunt. The weekly instructional patrol of the Hongkong section will start from Central Police Station at 5.15 p.m. sharp on Thursday, 13th October.

General.

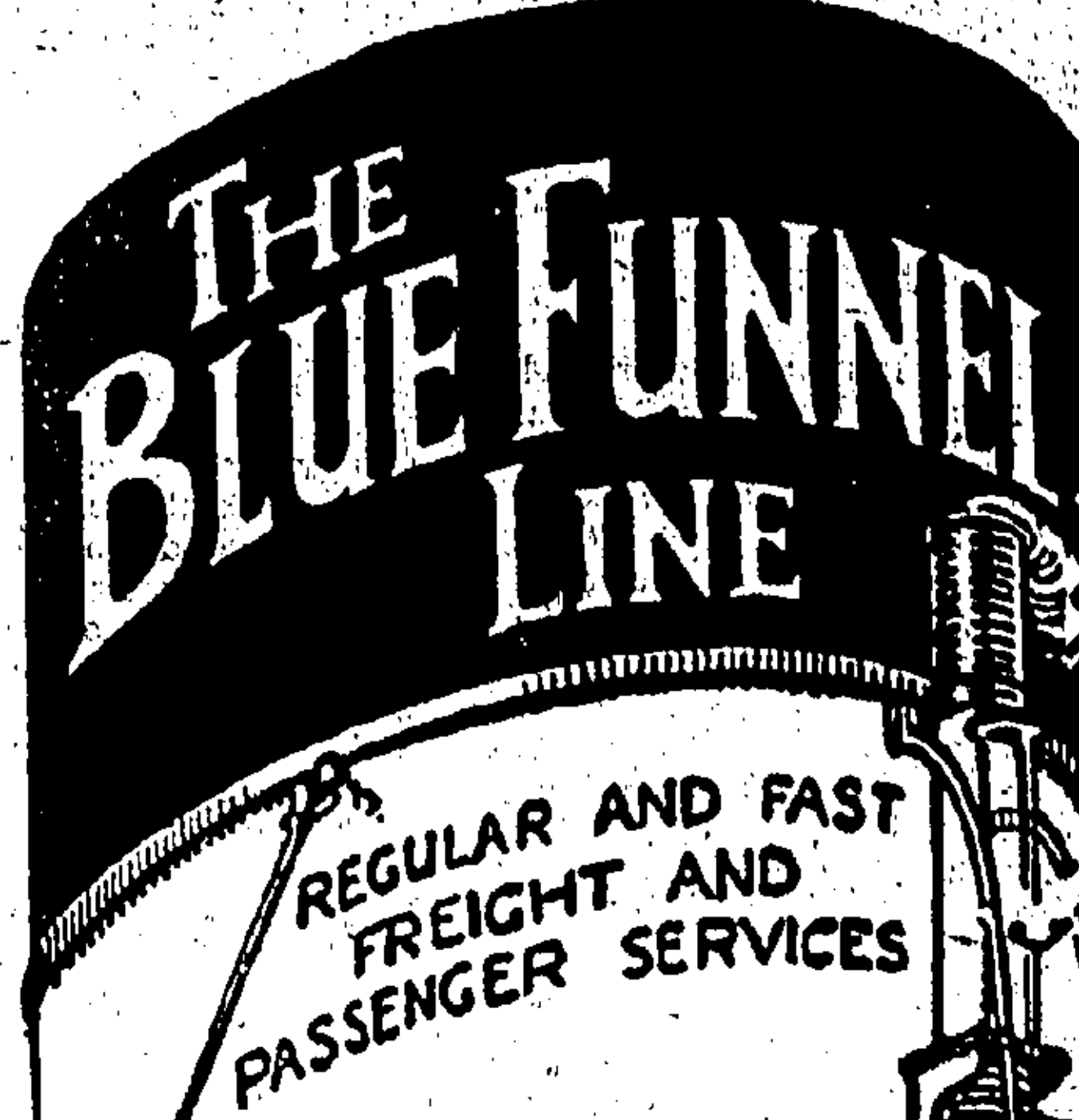
Police Training School.—Classes for instruction in Part 2 of training course will be held at the Police Training School under Inspector H. J. Paterson on Thursday, 13th October and Tuesday, 18th October commencing each evening at 6.30 p.m. sharp. Recruits.—All recruits of both the Chinese and Indian Companies will parade in full at the Central Police Station for Squad Drill and Rifle exercises under Sergeant R. J. Hunt on Thursday, 13th October and Tuesday, 18th October. Fall in at 5.30 p.m. sharp. (Sgd.) F. C. Mow Fung, A.S.P. (R). Acting Adjutant. Hongkong, October 11, 1927.

considerable extra premium as profit loading, thereby adding to the general security of the Company, and are naturally entitled to get back their contribution by way of bonus if the Company is prosperous. As the Company gets larger the number of participating policyholders gets greater and these extra contributions form the greater part of the Actuarial surplus; the profit derived from these cash payments is not trading profit in the true sense. The percentage of 90% of profits from Life business is a usual percentage provided for and under Canadian Law this percentage is a compulsory one. This safeguard in participating policies is moreover an asset in the acquisition of new business.

As the above modifications are all in favour of the Company we feel sure that you will give them your unanimous support and we feel that the attitude of the General Managers in giving up their legal rights will be appreciated as evidence of their sincere desire to strengthen the foundations of the Company.



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"CALOCHAS" 15th Nov. Mar'les, London, R'dam & Hamburg
"SARPEDON" 30th Nov. Mar'les, London, R'dam & Glasgow
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"TITAN" 20th Nov. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
"PELEUS" 20th Dec. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
"CYCLOPS" 20th Jan. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow

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"PHEMIUS" 4th Dec. ... New York, Boston & Baltimore
"MACHAON" 18th Dec. ... New York, Boston & Baltimore

PASSENGER SERVICE

"AENEAS" 1st Nov. ... Singapore, Marseilles & Lond on
"SARPEDON" 30th Nov. ... Singapore, Marseilles & Lond on
"PATROCLUS" 28th Dec. ... Singapore, Marseilles & Lond on
"ANTENOR" 25th Jan. ... Singapore, Marseilles & Lond on

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Pres. Polk Tues., Nov. 22, 8 a.m.

Pres. Adams Tues., Dec. 6, 8 a.m.
Pres. Garfield Tues., Dec. 20, 8 a.m.
Pres. Harrison Tues., Jan. 3, 8 a.m.

To MANILA

Pres. Taft ... Oct. 17th, 6 p.m.
Pres. van Buren ... Oct. 25th, 6 a.m.
Pres. McKinley ... Oct. 25th, 6 p.m.

Pres. Jefferson Oct. 31st, 6 p.m.
Pres. Hayes Nov. 8th, 6 a.m.
Pres. Lincoln Nov. 8th, 6 p.m.

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Most Modern and Central Hotel in the Colony, all Bed Rooms,
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All Trams pass in front of Hotel.
Most Moderate Rates in the Colony.
Hotel launch meets all steamers.
Dining Room and Lounge now open to the Public.
(\$25 for thirty Tiffin Tickets can be had at the Office
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Famous for its Comfort, Conveni-
ence, Appointments and Cuisine.
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UNDER THE SAME MANAGEMENT.

KOWLOON HOTEL

KOWLOON

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL WITH ALL MODERN
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High Class Cuisine and Table Appointments.
Wonderful view of the Harbour and Peak, and five minutes
from the Ferry, Wharves and Station.
Drawing Room, Saloon Bar and Billiard Room.
Very moderate rates

on application to—

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Cables, "KOWLOTEL,"
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Tel. Kowloon No. 8. Tel. Address "PALACE."
Three minutes from Kowloon Wharf, Ferry and Railway Station.
Entirely under English Management. Electric Light and Fans throughout.
Every Room with Private Bath, Lounge, Bar and Billiard Rooms.
Unrivalled Cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress.
Terms moderate. Special terms to families on application to:
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After-dinner
dancing every
Tuesday, Thursday
and Saturday.

Grill

THE EUROPE HOTEL LTD.

Arthur E. Odell, Managing Director.

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"Sky-blue" in color, these Cheques give travellers the fullest
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They are spendable and acceptable everywhere. For more
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handy wallet—and cost only 3/4 of 1 per cent.
Secure your steamship tickets, hotel reservations and itiner-
aries; or plan your cruise or tour through.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.
4-A, Des Voeux Road, Central,
Hongkong.

After wishing friends good-bye
at Bleister before taking up a new
appointment at Stroud, Gloucester-
shire, the Rev. W. H. Rolfe,
Superintendent of the Buckingham
and Brackley circuit of the
Bleister.

Printed and Published for the Proprietor by FREDERICK
FERCY FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street, in the City of
Victoria, Hongkong.

MR. FORD TURNS TO
BRAZIL.BIG RUBBER PRODUCTION.
PROJECT.

Para, Oct. 11.
It is announced that the Com-
panhia Ford Industrial, of Brazil,
which was organized yesterday,
will be registered officially on
October 18, with a capital of
G\$1,000,000.

The articles of incorporation in-
dicate that the company intends
to plant, refine, manufacture, and
trade in rubber.

It is understood that the com-
pany holds a concession of nearly
4,000,000 acres on the Tapau
River.—*Reuter's American Service.*

Development Plans.

Detroit, Oct. 12.
Mr. Edsel Ford, President of the
Ford Motor Company, has announ-
ced the completion of plans for
the development of an American rub-
ber empire in the heart of Brazil.
The most modern methods of de-
velopment will be employed, includ-
ing the use of aeroplanes. Settle-
ments will be established and com-
munication maintained with the
Ford Plants in the United States by
steamers of the Ford fleet.—*Reuter's American Service.*

SPEEDY AIR JOURNEY
TO BANGKOK.

FRENCH PILOT SETS OUT.

Villa Coublay, Oct. 11.
Captain Challe and a mechanic
are flying to Rome, on the first
stage of a flight to Bangkok,
which he proposes to reach as
soon as possible, at the rate of
1,500 kilometres each day.—*Reuter.*

OUR GOVERNOR IN
JAPAN.

PROCEEDS TO HAKONE.

Tokyo, Oct. 12.
Sir Cecil Clementi, Lady Cle-
menti, and their children, arrived
at Kobe yesterday evening, and
proceeded to Hakone.—*Reuter.*

HOMES FOR "HIDDEN
POOR."UNKNOWN VICTIMS OF THE
WAR.

Rome: Under the auspices of
Cardinal Vincenzo Vannutelli, an
international committee has been
formed in Rome comprising the
most outstanding personalities of
various countries. The object is
to found a home of refuge for
persons belonging to the aristo-
cratic and intellectual classes,
without any distinction of nation-
ality, who owing to the World War
and various other international
crises have lost all their belong-
ings and their social position.

Hitherto numerous committees
had been formed to help war-
wounded, orphans, and widows,
but the idea of coming to the aid
of the so-called "hidden poor" had
never occurred to anyone,
although they are perhaps the
worst sufferers from the revolu-
tionary movements which have
taken place in many parts of the
world.

With the aid of an international
subscription the committee pro-
poses to found the first Refuge
Home at Ostia, near the Temple
of Our Lady of Peace, which is
developing into an imposing
colony under the care of Cardinal
Vannutelli, Dean of the Sacred
College and Bishop of Ostia.

Other Refuge Homes on the
same lines will be built gradually
in different parts of the country,
enabling the refugees to select the
locality which they prefer, and
in which they can hide their grief
and troubles from the world.

AN EX-MINISTER
FINED.MR. SHINWELL'S SPEECH IN A
STREET.

Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell, who
was Minister of Mines in the
Labour Government, was fined 51
at Bridgend Police-court recently
for causing an obstruction on the
public highway.

It was stated by a police wit-
ness that Mr. Shinwell was stand-
ing on a chair addressing a crowd.
The policeman elbowed his way to
the front and asked him if he had
permission to hold the meeting.
Mr. Shinwell replied, "I have had
no permission; I am not causing
an obstruction, and I don't move
for any policeman." After the
singing of "The Red Flag" the
meeting ended.

In defence, Mr. Shinwell said
that no proceedings would have
been taken but for the fact that
the meeting was a Labour meeting.
No complaints of obstruction were
made by residents.

10,000 SHANSI
PRISONERS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

thing was confusion, the ship's
officers being ineffectual in their
attempts to deal with the situation.
Before the ship sailed an armed
guard was sent from H.M.S. Wild
Swan, and she was cleared of
troops. Otherwise, the situation
is normal.—*Naval Wireless.*

BOMB EXPLOSION.

Communists Killed at Changsha.

Changsha, Oct. 11.
Seven former Communists were
killed in a bomb explosion yester-
day during the "Double Ten" cele-
brations.

Further particulars are not
available, but this was the only
unfortunate incident during the day.
—*Naval Wireless.*

CANTON FACTION FIGHTS.

Dispute Between Labour
Unions.

Canton, Oct. 11.
Faction fighting in Canton is
developing along serious lines,
and in spite of police efforts to
keep the situation in control, fur-
ther trouble is anticipated.

Yesterday, a dispute between
labour unions resulted in a street
fight between coolies employed by
Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co.,
and the Asiatic Petroleum Com-
pany, and their rivals, both sides
suffering casualties.

The police took action, and as
far as these coolies are concerned,
things have now quietened down.
—*Naval Wireless.*

NANKING AND WUHAN.

Conversations Continue.

Kiukiang, Oct. 11.
It appears after all that General
Chu Pei-teh did not leave for
Hankow with the remainder of the
Government officials.

General Chu Pei-teh was official-
ly appointed by the Nanking Gov-
ernment to act as emissary in the
attempt to come to an agreement
with Wuhan. He was, however,
accompanied on his visit to Mr.
Wang Ching-wei by Mr. C. C. Wu,
the Foreign Minister, and Mr. Sun
Fo, the Finance Minister. The
two last-mentioned have gone to
Hankow to consult with General
Tang Seng-chi, after their conver-
sation with Wang.—*Naval Wire-
less.*

COMRADE GALEN IN JAPAN.

Under Police Supervision.

Tokyo, Oct. 7.
General Galen, the Soviet ad-
viser to the Wuhan Government,
arrived at Nagasaki to-day and is
proceeding under police escort to
Tsurugawa, where he is sailing for
Vladivostok.—*Reuter.*

DESTROYERS TO REMAIN.

Hospital Ship Ordered Back.

Malta, Oct. 11.
It is understood that the third
destroyer flotilla, which was lent
for service in Chinese waters from
the Mediterranean Fleet, will re-
main in the Far East and be re-
placed in the Mediterranean by a
home flotilla. The hospital ship
Maine is returning from China as
soon as possible.—*Reuter.*

CHIANG KAI-SHEK.

To Return to Politics.

Shanghai, Oct. 11.
Mrs. Soong has formally an-
nounced the engagement of her
daughter, Miss Soong Mei-ling,
to Marshal Chiang Kai-shek who
intimates that he may be forced
to give up his tour as he is re-
turning to political life.—*Reuter.*

Now in Kobe.

Osaka, Oct. 11.
Marshal Chiang Kai-shek is
staying in Kobe.—*Reuter.*



The man who has been re-
fused a kiss always figures that
the girl is a poor judge of men.

OUR BAD WEATHER.

SOMEWHAT UNUSUAL FOR
THE PERIOD.

Many people were awakened by
the noise of the rain which fell in
the early hours of this morning,
and it was generally thought that
an exceptionally heavy downpour
had occurred.

On making enquiries at the Royal
Observatory this morning a
Telegraph representative was given
the official recordings by Mr. T. F.
Claxton, the director. These
show that from three o'clock until
10.30 this morning the total rain-
fall was 1.760 inch, the heaviest
downfalls occurring between 4.30
a.m. and 5.30 a.m. (.305 inch), and
6.30 a.m. to 7.30 a.m. (.550
inch).

The total rainfall for the 24
hours ending at half past ten this
morning was 2.47 inches, and the
total since January 1 is 104.07
inches.

Previous heavy falls for 24 hours
during the month of October are:
1925, 11.50 inches; 1894 10.19 in-
ches; 1926 1.20 inch.

Mr. Claxton remarked that this
morning's fall was rather heavy
for the time of the year, and the
thunder was unusual. The bad
weather was the residue of the
typhoon over Indo-China. He ex-
pressed the opinion that better
weather will prevail over the
week-end.

The Royal Observatory reported
at 11.15 to-day:

A somewhat deep depression
lies to the N.E. of Japan, and a
strong anti-cyclone covers China.
Strong monsoon may be expected
along the coast.

Forecast up to noon to-morrow:
E. winds, fresh; overcast, rain.

MISSED THEIR SHIPS.

TWO DESTITUTE FIREMEN.

William Morgan, a fireman who
arrived some time ago by the a.s.
Tiberton which was under charter
to the Admiralty, was charged
before Major C. Willson this
morning with being destitute and
without visible means of sub-
sistence.

Sergeant Elston, who prosecuted,
said that the defendant got drunk
and missed his ship. As far as
the police knew he was a respect-
able seaman and was endeavouring
to get employment in Manila.
Morgan was committed to the
House of Detention.

Another fireman, Kané Brush
by name, who arrived here by an
American steamer was charged
with a similar offence. In this
case the police stated that the man
stayed at the Seamen's Institute
until his money gave out. He had
come ashore with another fire-
man who had more luck and found
employment, but defendant was
stranded after missing his ship.
The American Consul and the
ship's Agents are trying to send
Brush back to San Francisco.

His Worship ordered Brush to
the House of Detention.

EUROPE'S STEEL
CARTELS.WORKERS COMBINE IN
OPPOSITION.

Luxembourg, Oct. 11.
Delegates of metal-workers'
unions from France, Germany, the
Sarre, Belgium, Australia, Czecho-
Slovakia, and Luxembourg, have
been holding a conference here
with the object of opposing the
international steel cartels with
powerful workers' organisations.
A committee has been formed to
study the question.—*Reuter.*

HOW MUCH DO YOU KNOW?

The following are the replies to
to-day's questions:—

1. The four provinces known as the Cape
of Good Hope, Natal, the Orange Free
State, and the Transvaal. The mandated
territory known as South West Africa (the
late German Colony) is also administered
by the Union Government. 2. (a) The
Union of South Africa is a self-
governing Dominion of the British Crown in
what is termed the Commonwealth of British
Nations. (b) Southern Rhodesia is a colony
of the British Crown, with responsible
government. (c) His Majesty's East African
Dependencies—strictly speaking, not an
official title—include the British Colonies and
Protectorates of Northern Rhodesia, Nyas-
aland Protectorate, Kenya, Uganda Protectorate,
the Zanzibar Protectorate, and the mandated
territory of Tanganyika, the late German
Colony in East Africa. These colonies and
protectorates have legislative councils (either
elected or nominated by the Crown), with
local governors or other officers appointed
by the Crown to administer the Govern-
ment. 3. The Fortioris, Bardolomeo,
Diaz, and Vasco da Gama, towards the
close of the fifteenth century. 4. The first
European settlement in South Africa was
made in 1652 by Jan van Riebeeck, under the auspices
of the Dutch East India Company. 5. It led
some thousands of whom migrated to the
Cape in 1688, and settled there permanently,
with important influence on the national
life of South Africa. 6. In 1814. 7. (a)
Witwatersrand; (b) Kimberley; Jagersfont-
ein; Premier Mine, Pretoria; and the alluvial
deposits in Southwestern Transvaal; (c) the
North Coast of Natal and Zululand; (d) the
Wildernis District of the Transvaal. 8. Ap-
proximately 700,000. 9. (a) The East of
Athlone. (b) General the Right Hon. J. B.
M. Hertzog. 10. (a) The open plains of the
inland districts of South Africa. (b) The
plateau lying in the Cape Northern districts
noted as one of the best merino sheep-raising
districts in South Africa. (c) The variety of
citrus fruit known as the satsuma.

Entertainments

AT THE

QUEEN'S

TO-DAY ONLY

2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20



"FLOWER OF NIGHT"

JOSEPH HERGESHEIMER'S romance of a
flaming Spanish belle in the lawless days of 49.

THE COUNTRY KID

WITH
WESLEY BAREY

WORLD

TO-DAY
At 5.15 and 9.20 only

At 2.30 and 7.15.—Chinese Drama "Man Lee Chum"

A ROMANCE OF SAXOPHONES AND
SOVEREIGNSA new
note on the
scale of the
ScreenRobert Z. Leonard
presentsMAE
MURRAY
in
JazzmaniaBy Edmund Goulding
A Tiffany Production
M. H. Hoffman, General Manager

STAR

TO-DAY ONLY

Continuous from 2.30 to 11.15